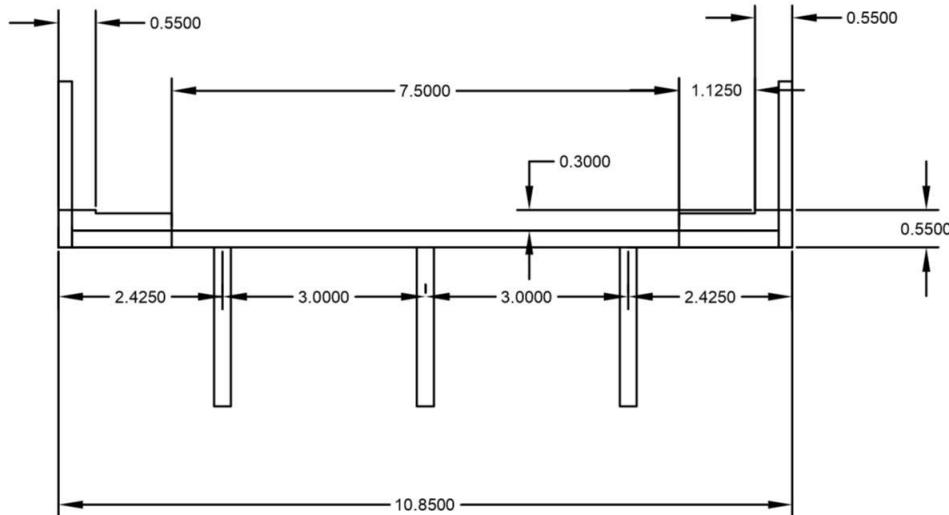


Structural Design of Bridge Khadi Khad, Pathankot



All unit in meter(m)

DECK SLAB

Thickness of slab = 0.25

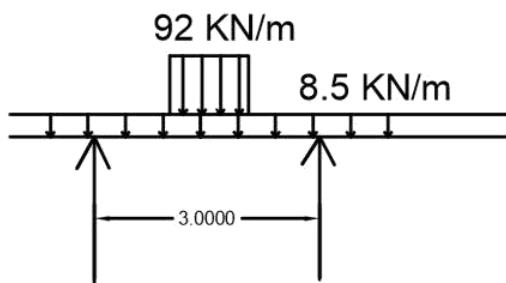
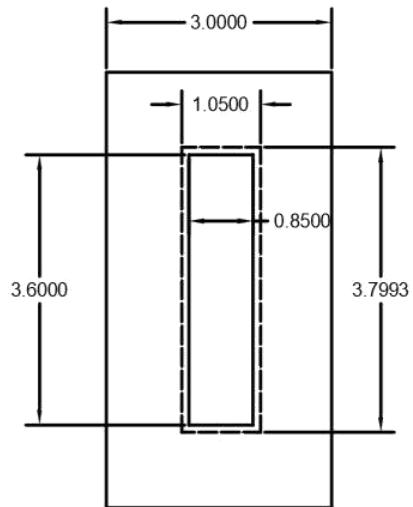
Wearing Coat = 0.1 m

Grade of Concrete = M30

Dead Load = 6.25 KN/ m²

DL of Wearing Coat = 2.2 KN/ m²

Total DL = 8.5 KN/ m²



Class AA Tracked Vehicle

Wheel Division:-

$$l = 0.85 \text{ m}$$

$$b = 3.6 \text{ m}$$

$$u = 0.85 + 0.2 = 1.05 \text{ m} \quad v = 3.6 + 0.2 = 3.8 \text{ m}$$

One Way Slab:-

Impact factor = 0.25 m

Wheel Load / m = $350/0.380 = 92 \text{ KN/ m}$ DL = 8.5 KN/ m

$$B.M = 8.5 \times 3^2/8 + (92/2 \times 3/2 - 92/2 \times 1.05/4) \times 1.25 = 9.56 + 56.92 \times 1.25 = 80.7 \text{ KN-m}$$

Continuity Effect:-

$$B.M \text{ at support} = 9.56 \times 8/10 + 56.92 \times 4/8 \times 1.25 = 43.25 \text{ KN-m}$$

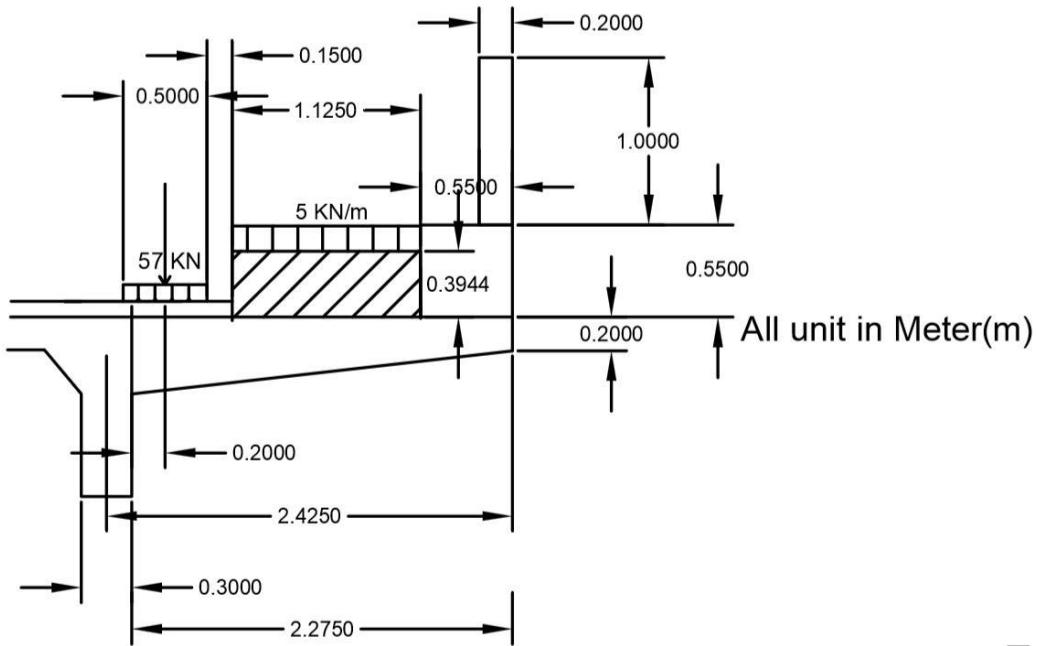
$$S.F = 8.5 \times 3/2 + 92 \times 1.05/2 \times 1.25 = 73.13 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$M_u = 64.87 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$V_u = 109.7 \text{ KN}$$

Provide $\phi 12 @ 100\text{mm c/c main(cross)}$

Provide $\phi 10 @ 100\text{mm c/c distance (long.)}$



CANTILEVER SLAB

$$b_e = 1.2x + bw = 1.2 \times 0.2 + (0.25 + 2 \times 0.1) = 0.69 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Live Load/m} = 57 \times 1.5 / 0.69$$

$$\text{Maximum moment due to L.L} = 123.9 \times 0.2 + 5 \times 1.125 \times 0.763 = 29.07 \text{ KNm}$$

$$\text{Moment due to D.L} = 1.7 \times 1.4 + 0.55 \times 0.55 \times 2 \times 25 + 0.26 \times 25 \times 2.275^2/2 + 0.1 \times 0.6 \times 0.3 \times 20$$

$$= 2.436 + 15.13 + 16.82 + 0.36 = 34.746 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$\text{Total B.M} = 29.07 + 34.75 = 63.82 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$\text{S.F} = (123.9 \times 0.45) + 5 * 1.125 + (7.6 + 14.8 + 1.8) = 83.6 \text{ KN}$$

$$\text{Mu} = 95.73 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$\text{Vu} = 128.4 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$\text{Mu/bd}^2 = 95.73 \times 10^6 / 1000 \times 300^2 = 1.064$$

$$\text{Pt} = 0.265\%$$

$$\text{Ast} = 7.95 \text{ cm}^2$$

Provide $\phi 12 @ 100 \text{ c/c main}$

Provide $\phi 10 @ 150 \text{ c/c dist.}$

Longitudinal Girders (Intermediate Girders):-

B.M due to dead load (Intermediate Girder/m length)

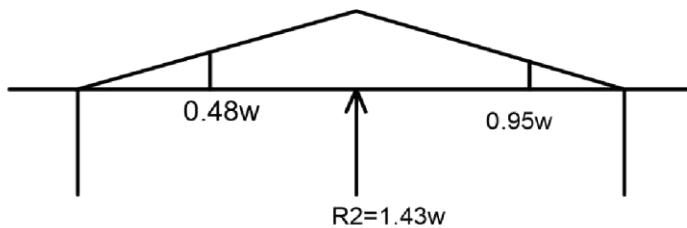
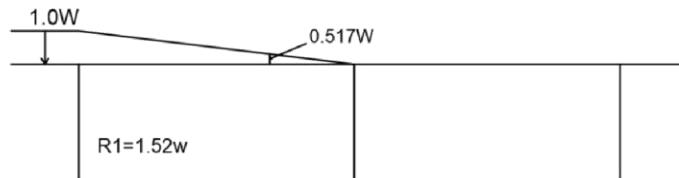
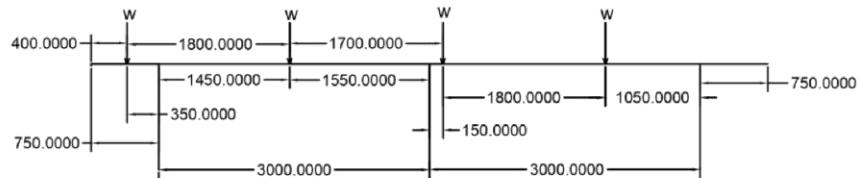
Sr No.	Item	Details	Weight (KN)
1.	Wearing Coat	$3.0 \times 0.1 \times 22$	66
2.	Deck Slab	$3.0 \times 0.25 \times 25$	18.75
3.	T Beam	$0.4 \times 2.5 \times 25$	25
4.	Cross Beams	$(3.0 \times 2.0 \times 25 \times 0.5)/41$	2.57(say) = 52.92 KN/m $\approx 53 \text{ KN/m}$

$$\text{Maximum B.M due to DL} = 50 \times 41^2/8 = 10506 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$\text{Maximum S.F due to DL} = 50 \times 41/2 = 1025 \text{ KN}$$

D.L in end Girder/m length:-

Sr No.	Item	Details	Weight (KN)
1.	Wearing Coat	$0.75 \times 0.1 \times 22$	4.96
2.	Deck Slab	$0.263 \times 2.425 \times 25$	15.94
3.	End beam	$0.55 \times 0.55 \times 25$	7.56
4.	Parapet	$0.2 \times 1 \times 25$	5
5.	Front Path	$0.3 \times 1.125 \times 20$	6.75
6.	Self weight	$0.4 \times 2.5 \times 25$	25
7.	Cross Beam		1.29 (say) = 66.5 KN/m $\approx 67 \text{ KN/m}$



Live Load Calculations:-

$$\text{Impact Load} = 4.5/(6 + 41) = 0.1$$

$$\text{Max. Wheel Load}(W) = \text{Aisle Load}/2 \times 1.1 \times 1.52 = \text{Aisle Load} \times 0.836$$

Seismic analysis:

$$T = 2.0\sqrt{D/1000F}$$

$$D = \text{DL} + 0.2\text{LL} = 4980 + 0.2*(365*3) = 5199 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Here } F = D * 6EI/L^3$$

$$= (1) * 6 * 31.22 * 1.083 * 10^{12} / 5000^3 = 1623 \text{ kN}$$

$$T = 2.0\sqrt{5199/1000 * 1623} = 0.11 \text{ sec}$$

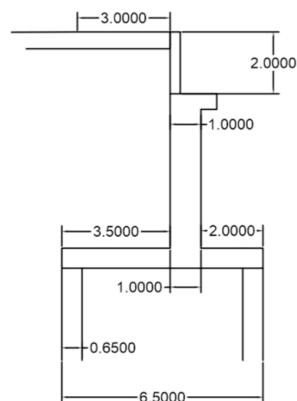
$$Sa/g = 2.5$$

$$Ah = Z/2 * 2 * I * Sa/g = 0.24/2 * (1.2 * 2.5) = 0.25$$

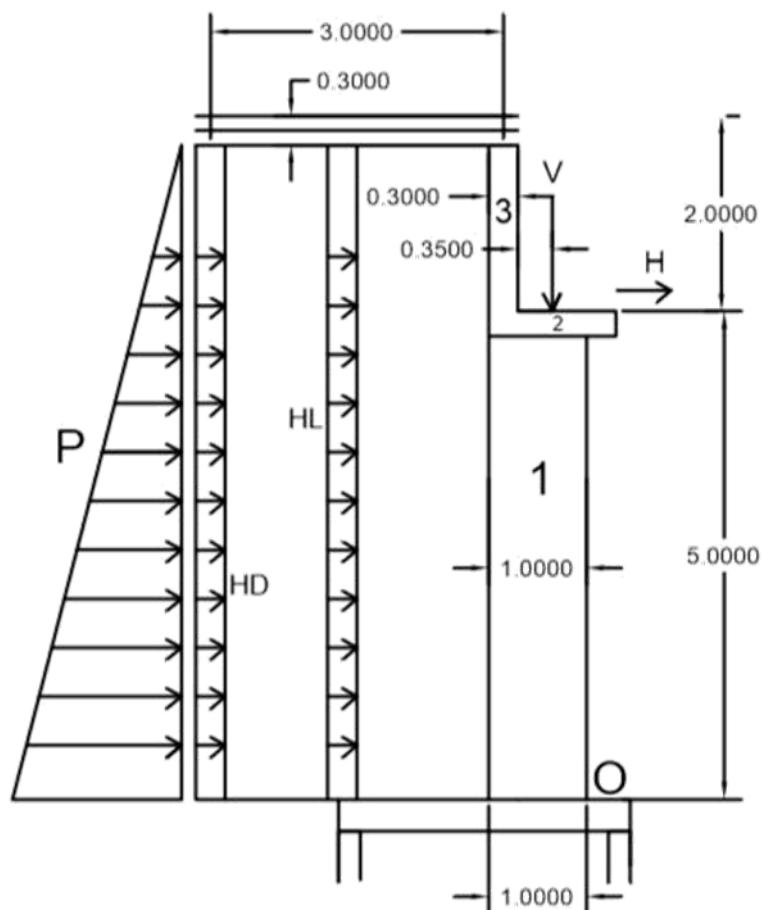
$$H = 0.25 * 1244 = 311 \text{ kN}$$

$$M = 311 * 5 = 1555 \text{ kN}$$

Total moment = $1555 + 869.3 = 2424$ kN m



All units in Meter(m)



Loads on Abutment

Forces and moments about base/m length of Abutment :

Sr No.	Details	Vertical Forces (KN)	Horizontal Forces(KN)	Lever Arm (m)	Moment About 0 KNm
1.	Dead Load For Structure	1660 * 3/ 7.5 =664	--	0.15	99.6
2.	Active Earth Pressure	---	45	2.23	100.35
3.	Horizontal Force Due to live load Surcharge	---	80	3.35	268
4.	Vertical force due to Live load surcharge	75	---	1.85	139
5.	Self weight 1 2 3 4 Total:	125 -- 13 -- 138 KN	---	0 -- -0.35 --	0 -- -4.55 --
6.	Live load for structure	365*3/7.5 =146	--	0.15	219
7.	Horizontal Bending moment	---	15	5.71	86
	Total	1023	170		907.4 kNm

Total vertical load at base = $1023 * 7.5 = 7673 \text{ KN}$

Total horizontal load at base = $170 * 7.5 = 1275 \text{ kN}$

Total bending moment at base = $907.4 * 7.5 = 6806 \text{ KNm}$

Design of Abutment :-

1.5 (DL+LL):

$$M = 907.4 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$Mu = 1361 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$V = 170 \text{ KN}$$

$$Vu = 255 \text{ KN}$$

$$Mu/bd^2 = 1361 \times 10^6 / (1000 \times 950^2) = 1.51$$

$$Pt = 0.37\%$$

1.2 (DL+LL+EQ):

$$M = 2424/7.5 = 323.24 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$Mu = 388 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$V = 170 + 311/7.5 = 211 \text{ KN}$$

$$Vu = 254 \text{ KN}$$

$$Mu/bd^2 = 388 \times 10^6 / (1000 \times 950^2) = 0.43$$

$$Ast = 3561 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\tau_u = 276 \times 10^3 / 1000 \times 950 = 0.29 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\tau_c = 0.36 \text{ N/mm}^2 \text{ SAFE}$$

Provide 20Ø @ 80 c/c main steel on Earth force

Provide 20Ø @ 160 c/c main steel on Free force

Provide 12Ø @ 100 c/c Distribution steel

MEAN SCOUR DEPTH

$$\text{Clear waterway} = 39.8 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Silt factor}(f) = 2.96$$

$$Q = 454 \text{ cumec}$$

$$\text{Unit discharge}(q) = 454/39.8 = 11.41 \text{ cumec/m width}$$

Mean Scour Depth = $1.34(q^2/f)^{1/3}$ = 4.56m

Max. Scour Depth = $2 \times 4.71 = 9.12\text{m}$

Grip Length = $\frac{1}{3}(\text{max scour depth}) = 3.04\text{ m}$ (provide = 5.78m)

Depth of Foundation below HFL = $9.12 + 3.04 = 12.16\text{ m}$ (provide = 15.2m)

Depth of foundation Below = $12.16 - 2.2 = 9.96\text{m}$ (provide= 13m)

$M = (3843 - 1190) \times 7.5 = 19898\text{ KN-m}$

$V = 1098 \times 7.5 = 8235\text{ KN}$

$H = 289 \times 7.5 = 2168\text{ KN}$

DESIGN OF WELL

Min thickness of stiening = 500 mm

Thickness = $h = Kd\sqrt{L} = 0.030 \times 6.5 \times \sqrt{13} = 0.703\text{ m}$ (Provide 750mm)

Bearing Pressure

Self Weight of well :

Area of cross section of well= $\pi/4(6.5^2 - 5^2) + 6.5 \times 0.75 \times 2 + 0.75 \times 5.2 = 27.2\text{ m}^2$

Internal area of well = $75.43 - 27.2 = 48.23\text{ m}^2$

Area of base = $\pi/4 \times 6.5^2 + 6.5 \times 6.5 = 75.43\text{m}^2$

Weight of well = $(27.2 \times 13 \times 25) + (48.23 \times 11 \times 18) + 48.23 \times 2 \times 2 \times 25 = 23386\text{ KN}$

Weight of soil on cap = $(13 + 6.5)/2 \times 6.7 \times 3.5 \times 18 = 3904\text{ KN}$

Total load at base = $7673 + 23386 + 3904 = 34963\text{ KN}$

Bearing pressure = $34963/75.73 = 461.7\text{ KN/m}^2$ (Neglecting friction)

Reinforcement

Vertical reinforcement (0.12%)

$= .12/100 \times \pi/4 \times 23.78 = .023\text{ m}^2 = 230\text{ cm}^2$

Provide 12 φbars @ 100 c/c on each face vertically

Horizontal reinforcement (0.2%)

Provide 12Ø @100c/c on each face

Bottom Plug

Thickness of bottom plug is

$$t^2 = 1.18 \times r^2 q / f_c = 1.18 \times 3.25^2 \times 400 / 7000 = .71 \text{ m say } 800 \text{ mm}$$

Check For Section adopted

Distance of zero shear (max. BM) for scour level

$$X = \sqrt{(2FH/-Ka)\gamma b(Kp\beta)}$$

Assuming Ø = 30° , δØ/2 = 15° , θ ° = 45

$$Ka = (\cos\theta / (\sqrt{\cos\delta} + \sqrt{\sin(\theta+\delta) \times \sin\theta})^2)$$

$$Kp = (\cos\theta / (\sqrt{\cos\delta} - \sin(\theta+\delta) \times \sin\theta)^2)$$

$$Ka = .30 , Kp = 5.0$$

$$\text{Therefore } x^2 = 2 * 2 * 1275 / (9.5(5-0.3)6.5) = 17.57 \text{ X = 4.19m}$$

Max BM is Mmax = Mo + 2/3 Hx

Permissible tilt = 50 mm

Tilt at scour level = 50 × 3.14/15.5 = 10.13 mm = 11mm

Moment to tilt = 0.012 × 27226 = 327 KN-m

Mmax = 327 + 2/3 × 1275 × 4.19 = 3888 KN-m

$$MOI = \pi/64 \times -5(.2^4)6 + (.65^4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6.5^3 / 12 - 6.5 \cdot 5 \cdot 2^3 / 12) = 124.32 \text{ m}^4$$

Max Stress in steining

$$\sigma_{max} = 34963 / 23.78 + (3888 / 124.32 \times 3.25)$$

$$1470 \pm 103 \text{ KN/m}^2 = 1573 \text{ KN / m}^2 = 1.6 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 6.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 (\text{M25})$$

V= 5768 KN, H = 1275 KN , M = 6518 KN

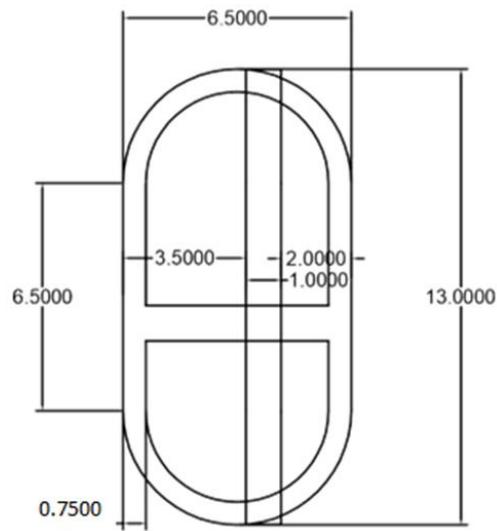
Upward Pressure = μP ;

$$P = \gamma(Kp - Ka)L D^2 / 6$$

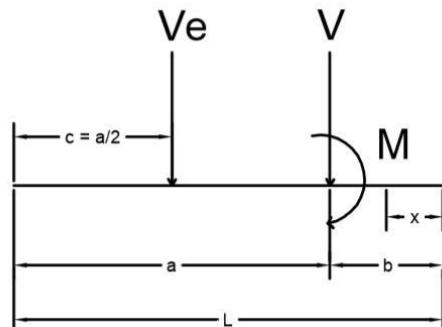
$$P = 9.5(5-0.3) 13 \cdot 5.78^2 / 6 = 3232 \text{ kN}$$

Total vertical load = (34963-3232) = 31731 KN

Bearing pressure = 31731 / 75.43 = 420.7 KN/m²



Design of well cap



$$L = 5.85 \text{ m}$$

$$b = 1.54 \text{ m}$$

$$a = 4.31 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 2.16 \text{ m}$$

(At $x = b$)

$$M = V_e c b / L + M_b / L + V_a / L$$

$$S.F = V_e c / L + M / L + V_a$$

$$M = 3904 \times 2.16 \times 1.54 / 5.85 + 6518 \times 1.54 / 5.85 + 7673 \times 1.54 / 5.85 = 5959 \text{ KN-m}$$

$$S.F = 3904 \times 2.16 / 5.85 + 6518 / 5.85 + 7673 \times 4.31 / 5.85 = 8208 \text{ KN} \quad M/\text{Width} = 8208 / 13 =$$

$$631 \text{ KN-m},$$

$$Mu = 947 \text{ KN-m/m}$$

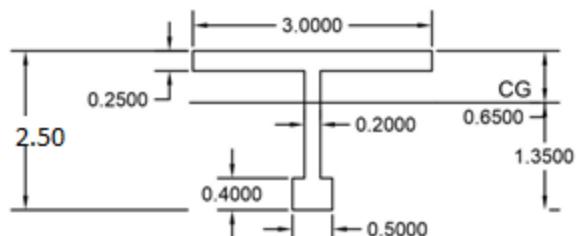
$$S.F/\text{Width} = 631 \text{ KN}, \quad Vu = 946.5 \text{ KN/m} \quad Tu = 946.5 \times 10^3 / 1000 \times 950 =$$

$$0.996 \text{ M/mm}^2$$

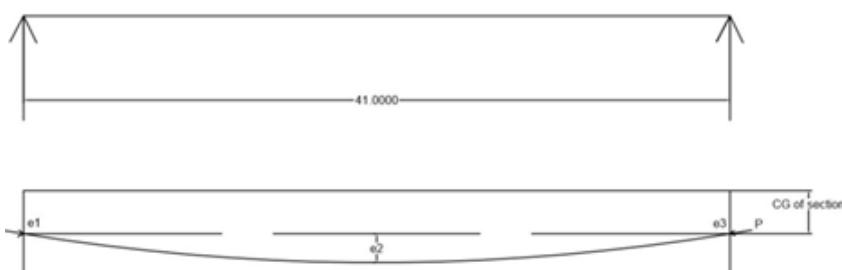
$$Mu/bd^2 = 947 \times 10^6 / 1000 \times 950^2 = 1.049, pt = 0.2$$

Provide = 16ϕ@ 100 c/c bathway at bottom Provide 12 ϕ@100 c/c bathway at top.

Analysis of Girder with Staad Pro



All units in meter(m)



$$P = 12000 \text{ KN}, \quad e1 = e3 = 0, \quad e2 = 1.2 \text{ m}$$

$$P = 12000 \text{ kN}, \quad e1 = e3 = 0, \quad e2 = 1.00 \text{ m}$$

Using Freyssinet system drainage type 27K15 (27 stands of 15.0 mm diameter) in 110 mm cable ducts.

Permissible Tensile Capacity of each cable = $27 \times 0.75 \times 265 = 5366$ kN

The cables are arranged in parabolic profile with end eccentricity zero and central eccentricity is 1000 mm.

Post stressing force required = 12500 kN

Post stressing force at Jack Level = $12500 \times 1.1 = 13750$ kN

Provide 3 cables

Post stressing force in each cable = 4583 kN < 5366 kN

Safe

Base Pressure Calculations

Moment at base of well = $53.74 \times 18 = 3582$ kNm

Total Moment = $3888 + 3582 = 7470$ kNm

Total vertical Load when half well is empty = $29826 - 4341 = 25485$ kN

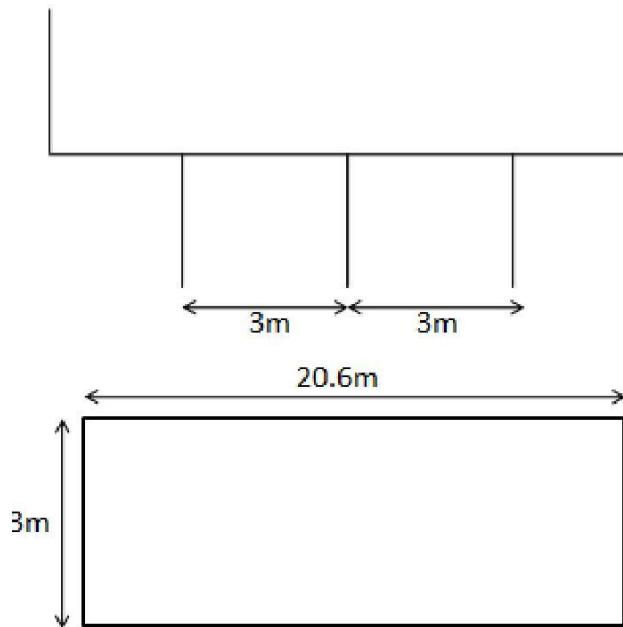
MOI = $\pi/64 \times 6.5^4 + 6.5^2 \times 6.5^3 / 12 = 237.4$ m⁴

Beam pressure with BG = $25485 / 75.43 + 7470 \times 3.25 / 237.4 = 440$ kN/m² < 400* 1.5 kN/m² Beam pressure

without BG = $25485 / 75.43 + 3888 \times 3.25 / 237.4 = 391.1$ kN/m² > 400 kN/m²

Safe

Design Cross Beam

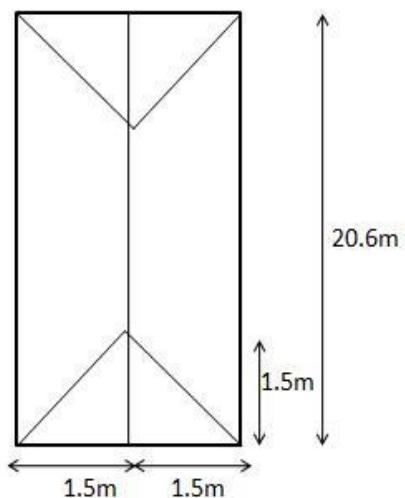


Given

Depth of beam	=	1.4	m
Thickness of beam	=	0.4	m
Density of concrete, γ_c	=	25	kN/m
Thickness of slab	=	0.25	m
Thickness of W.C.	=	0.1	m
Density of W.C.	=	22	kN/m
Length of span, l_x	=	20.6	m

Step1:- Dead Load:

Spacing of Main girder / Beam	=	3	m
Weight of rib of x- beam	=	$1.4 \times 0.4 \times 25$	
	=	14	kN/m
Weight of (Slab + W.C.)	=	$0.25 \times 25 + 0.1 \times 22$	
	=	8.45	kN/mm ²
Total load of deck slab	=	$8.45 \times 2 \times 0.5 \times 3 \times 3/2$	
	=	38.03	kN



This load is assumed length

Load per meter run due to deck slab

$$\begin{aligned} &= 38.025/3 \\ &= 12.68 \text{ kN/m} \end{aligned}$$

Total dead load per meter run = $14+38.025 = 26.7 \text{ kN/m}$

This load is assumed uniformly distributed along

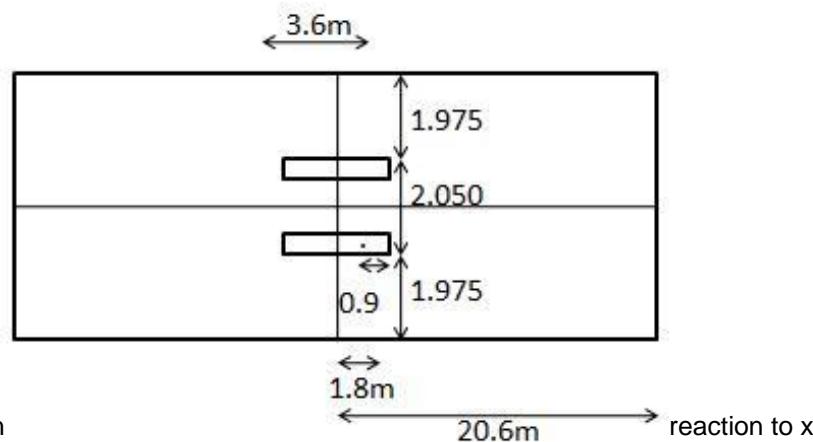
This cross - gird

The reaction on each longitudinal girder

$$\begin{aligned} &= 26.7*2*3/3 \\ &= 53.4 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

Step2:- Live Load:

Class AA (tracked) vehicle produce maximum B.M. and S.F. in x- girder.



This position
- girder.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Magnitude of reaction} &= 700*19.7/20.6 \\ &= 670 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

No. of long. Beam 3

Because x-girder is rigid, reaction on each longitudinal girder

$$= 700/3 233.3 \text{ kN}$$

Maximum bending moment occurs under track load,

$$\begin{aligned} &= 700*1.975/3 \\ &= 460.8 \text{ kN-m} \end{aligned}$$

Impact factor = 1.1

Including, Impact factor +ve B.M. due to live load

$$\begin{aligned} &= 460.83*1.1 \\ &= 507 \text{ kN-m} \end{aligned}$$

B.M. due to dead load at a distance of 1.975 from support

$$\begin{aligned} &= 53.4*1.975-(26.675(1.975/2)^2) \\ &= 80 \text{ kN-m} \end{aligned}$$

Total Bending Moment = 507+80

$$= 587 \text{ kN-m}$$

Step3:- Live Load shear inculding $= 700*1.1/3$

Impact	= 257	kN
Dead Load shear	= 53.35	kN
Total shear for depth	= 53.35+257	
	= 310.4	kN
Clear cover	= 40	mm
Diameter	= 25	mm
Step4:- Effective depth	= 1650-(40+25/2)	
	= 1598	mm
	= 0.16	m

Step5:- Check for shear:

$$b = 400 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v' &= 310.35 * 1000 / 400 * 1597.5 \\ &= 0.486 \text{ N/mm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Spacing of 12Φmm , 2 - legged s

Using 12mm diameter bar = 12 mm

$$\begin{aligned} A_{sv} &= 2 * 0.785 * 12^2 \\ &= 226 \text{ mm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s_v &= 200 \\ \text{Spacing of stirrups . } S_v &= 200 * 226 * 1597.5 / 310.35 * 1000 \\ &= 232.7 \text{ mm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Area of steel required :-

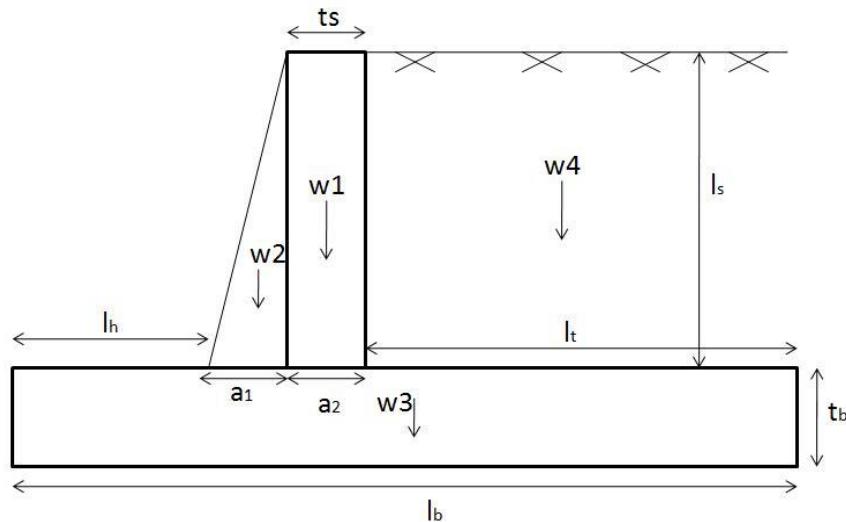
$$\begin{aligned} A_{st} &= 587 * 10^6 / 0.9 * 1597.5 * 200 \\ &= 2041 \text{ mm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimum shear reinforcement} &= 226 / 400 * 0.0015 \\ &= 377 \text{ mm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Provide 2L- 12 dia @100mm c/c

Provide 4-25 dia throughout at top & bottom provide 4-25 dia at mid span at bottom provide 4-25 dia at top on supports

Design of Return Wall



Given

ϕ =	30 °
γ =	19.5 kN/m³
h =	5 m
l_t =	2.5 m
l_h =	0.5 m
a_1 =	0.4 m
a_2 =	0.25 m
t_s =	0.65 m
t_b =	0.9 m
γ_c =	25 kN
Live load =	75 kN
f_{ck} =	30
f_y =	415

Step1:-

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa_a &= (1 - \sin\phi) / (1 + \sin\phi) \\ \sin\phi &= 0.5 \\ \kappa_a &= 0.33 \\ b &= 3.65 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Step2:-

S.No.	Description	Vertical load	Horizontal load	Lever Arm	Clockwise moment	clockwise moment
1	Steam (Rectangular portion) = $a_1 * h * \gamma c 50$			0.95	47.5	
2	Steam (Triangular portion) = $0.5 * h * 15.625$			0.667	10.422	
3	Base slab = $b * t_b * \gamma c 82.125$			1.825	149.878	
4	Earth fill = $h * l_t * \gamma 243.75$			2.4	585	
5	Live load = 75 75			2.4	180	
6	Earthfill Horizontal =	81.25	1.667		135.44	
7	Live load Horizontal =	80	2.5		200	
	Total	466.5	161.25		972.8	335.44

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{stem thickness at base (d) required} &= \frac{1.5 \times 335.42 \times 10^6}{30 \times 1000 \times 0.136} \\
 &= 351.2 \text{ mm} \\
 \text{provided (d)} &= 590 \text{ mm} \quad \text{safe} \\
 b &= 1000 \text{ mm} \\
 \text{stem thickness at base(d)} &= 590 \text{ mm} \\
 R &= 1.445 \\
 &= \frac{f_{ck}}{2 \times f_y} \times \left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{1 - 4.6 \times R}}{f_{ck}} \right] \\
 \% \text{ of steel} &= 0.004255 \% \\
 \text{Ast required} &= 2510.45 \text{ mm}^2 \\
 \text{Check} &\quad \text{For shear at base of stem} \\
 Zv &= 1.5 \times V / b \times d \\
 &= 0.41 \\
 Zv < Zc &\quad \text{Safe .}
 \end{aligned}$$

Design of Parapet:-

Horizontal load = 150 kg/m²

Width of wall considered = 1 m

B.M. = 0.5*150*1

6

1.5*0. x10

= 75 kg-m



=30x1000.75x0KN.136-m

M.O.R. = 0.136*fck*b*stem thickness at base(d)²

d required = 16.6 mm

Provide nominal 100mm thick parapet with 10dia @ 150 c/c vertically on each face and 8 dia @ 150 c/c horizontally on each face.