# भारतीय मानक

इस्पात के चूड़ीदार बंधकों के लिए तकनीकी पूर्ति शर्तें भाग 2 बंधकों के लिए छूटें – काबले, पेंच, स्टड्स और दिवरियाँ – उत्पाद ग्रेड ए, बी और सी

(तीसरा पुनरीक्षण)

Indian Standard

# TECHNICAL SUPPLY CONDITIONS FOR THREADED STEEL FASTENERS

PART 2 TOLERANCES FOR FASTENERS — BOLTS, SCREWS, STUDS AND NUTS — PRODUCT GRADES A, B AND C

(Third Revision)

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

#### NATIONAL FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Part 2) (Third Revision) which is identical with ISO 4759-1:2000 'Tolerances for fasteners—Part 1:Bolts, screws, studs and nuts—Product grades A, B and C' issued by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards on the recommendation of the Bolts, Nuts and Fasteners Accessories Sectional Committee and approval of the Basic and Production Engineering Division Council.

This standard was originally published in 1961 and subsequently revised in 1967 and 1979. The last revision was based on ISO 4759/1-1978. This revision of the standard has been taken up to align it with ISO 4759-1:2000 by adoption under dual numbering system.

The text of ISO Standard has been approved as suitable for publication as Indian Standard without deviations. Certain terminology and conventions are, however, not identical to those used in Indian Standards. Attention is drawn especially to the following:

- a) Wherever the words 'International Standard' appear referring to this standard, they should be read as 'Indian Standard'.
- b) Comma (,) has been used as a decimal marker while in Indian Standards, the current practice is to use a point (.) as the decimal marker.

In this adopted standard, reference appears to certain International Standards for which Indian Standards also exist. The corresponding Indian Standards which are to be substituted in their place are listed below along with their degree of equivalence for the editions indicated:

International Standard	Corresponding Indian Standard	Degree of Equivalence
ISO 225 : 1983	IS 8536:1987 Fasteners—Bolts, screws, studs and nuts—Symbols and designation of dimensions ( <i>first revision</i> )	Identical
ISO 286-1 : 1988	IS 919(Part 1):1993 ISO systems of limits and fits: Part 1 Basis of tolerances, deviations and fits ( <i>second revision</i> )	do
ISO 286-2 : 1988	IS 919(Part 2):1993 ISO systems of limits and fits: Part 2 Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts (second revision)	do
ISO 885 : 2000	IS 4172:1987 Dimensions for radii under the head of bolts and screws (first revision)	Identical <sup>1)</sup>
ISO 965-3 : 1998	IS 14962(Part 3):2001 ISO General purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances: Part 3 Deviations for constructional screw threads	do
ISO 1101:2000	IS 8000(Part1):1985 Geometrical tolerancing on technical drawings: Part 1 Tolerances for form orientation, location and run-out and appropriate geometrical definitions (first revision)	Identical <sup>2)</sup>

(Continued on third cover)

<sup>1)</sup> Identical with ISO 885: 1976.

<sup>2)</sup> Identical with ISO 1101: 1983

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## Indian Standard

# TECHNICAL SUPPLY CONDITIONS FOR THREADED STEEL FASTENERS

PART 2 TOLERANCES FOR FASTENERS — BOLTS, SCREWS, STUDS AND NUTS — PRODUCT GRADES A, B AND C

(Third Revision)

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 4759 specifies a selection of tolerances for bolts, screws, studs and nuts with ISO metric threads and with product grades A, B and C and for tapping screws with product grade A.

NOTE The product grades refer to the size of the tolerances where grade A is the most precise and grade C is the least precise.

The tolerances, except tolerances for threads, are selected from the system of limits and fits specified in ISO 286-1 and ISO 286-2. The tolerances for metric threads are taken from the series of tolerance classes specified in ISO 965-3. The tolerances for tapping screw threads are covered in ISO 1478.

The tolerances of form and position are specified and indicated in accordance with ISO 1101, ISO 8015 and ISO 2692.

The tolerances specified in this part of ISO 4759 apply to fasteners prior to coating unless otherwise specified. See also ISO 4042.

Deviations from the tolerances specified in this part of ISO 4759 are only permitted in product standards where there are valid technical reasons. In cases where there is a difference between the tolerance requirements in this part of ISO 4759 and the product standard, the product standard takes precedence.

It is recommended that these tolerances also be used for non-standard fasteners.

Dimensions and tolerances given in this part of ISO 4759 are in millimetres.

#### 2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 4759. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 4759 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 225:1983, Fasteners — Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Symbols and designation of dimensions.

ISO 286-1:1988, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 1: Bases of tolerances, deviations and fits.

ISO 286-2:1988, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts.

ISO 885:2000, General purpose bolts and screws — Metric series — Radii under the head.

ISO 965-3:1998, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 3: Deviations for constructional screw threads.

ISO 1101:2000, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out.

ISO 1478:1999, Tapping screws thread.

ISO 1479:1983, Hexagon head tapping screws.

ISO 2692:1988, Technical drawings — Geometrical tolerancing — Maximum material principle.

ISO 4032:1999, Hexagon nuts, style 1 — Product grades A and B.

ISO 4042:1999, Fasteners — Electroplated coatings.

ISO 4757:1983, Cross recesses for screws.

ISO 7053:1992, Hexagon washer head tapping screws.

ISO 7721:1983, Countersunk head screws — Head configuration and gauging.

ISO 8015:1985, Technical drawings — Fundamental tolerancing principle.

ISO 10509:1992, Hexagon flange head tapping screws.

ISO 10642:1997, Hexagon socket countersunk head screws.

ISO 10664:1999, Hexalobular internal driving feature for bolts and screws.

## 3 Tolerances for metric bolts, screws and studs

### 3.1 Dimensional tolerances

Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.

Feature	T	Notes			
reature		A	В	С	Notes
3.1.1 Tolerance level					
Shank and bearing surface	clo	ose	close	wide	
Other features	close		wide	wide	
3.1.2 External thread	€	6 <b>g</b>	6g	8g (but 6g for property class 8.8 and higher)	For certain products and coatings, other tolerance classes for threads may be specified in the relevant product and coating standards.
3.1.3 Driving features					
3.1.3.1 External	s	Tolerance	s	Tolerance	
	≤ 30	h13	≤ 18	h14	1
3.1.3.1.1 Width across flats	> 30	h14	> 18 ≤ 60	h15	
			> 60 ≤ 180	h16	
s			> 180	h17	
Figure 1					
s					
Figure 2					1

FA	To	des	Notes		
Feature	A	В		>	Notes
3.1.3.1.2 Width across corners  Figure 3		2 $s_{\min}$ for bol	1,13 s <sub>min</sub> Its and screws I heads withou eration		··
Figure 4		€min =	= 1,3 s <sub>min</sub>		
3.1.3.1.3 Height of head			k	Tolerance	
	js14	js15	< 10 ≥ 10	js16 js17	
Figure 5					·

	Tolerance for	product are	<u> </u>	T
Feature	A	B B	c C	Notes
	For hexagon bolts and s defined only as a maxim	crews with fla	<u> </u>	
Figure 6				
3.1.3.1.4 Wrenching height	<sup>k</sup> w <sup>a</sup> min	= 0,7 k <sub>min</sub>		k <sub>w</sub> defines the length over which e <sub>min</sub> applies but excluding any chamfer, washer face or radius specified in the appropriate product standard. The formulae for k <sub>w min</sub> only apply to the products illustrated.  a The symbol k <sub>w</sub> replaces the previously used k'.
	$k_{\text{wmin}}^{\text{b}} = 0.7 \left[ (k_{\text{max}} - 1T15) - k_{\text{wmin}} \right] = 0.7 \left[ (k_{\text{max}} - 1T15) - k_{\text{wmin}} \right]$ $s$ is the greater of $c_{\text{min}}$ $s$ is the flange angle  Dimensions $k_{\text{W}}^{\text{a}}$ , $k$ , $d_{\text{W}}$ , $e$ with ISO 225.	× 1,25 or <i>c</i> <sub>mir</sub>	7] n + 0,4	<sup>b</sup> For gauging, see annex A of the product standards

Foothing	Т	Notes			
Feature	/	<b>1</b> .	В	С	Notes
3.1.3.2 Internal	·				
3.1.3.2.1 Hexagon sockets	$e_{min} = 1$	,14 s <sub>min</sub>			
	s	Tolerance			
	0,7	EF8			
	0,9	JS9			
	1,3	К9			
	1,5				
s	2 2,5	D11			
Figure 9	3				
rigules	4	E11			
	5				
	6				
	8	E12			
	10				
	12				
	14				
	> 14	D12		- Ar	
3.1.3.2.2 Slots					<b>T</b>
	n	Tolerance			Tolerance field
1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	<b>≤</b> 1	+ 0,20			C13 for $n \leq 1$
	4 . 6	+ 0,06			0146
	> 1 ≤ 3	+ 0,31 + 0,06			C14 for $n > 1$
e \	> 3 ≤ 6	+ 0,06			
	>3 € 0	+ 0,37			
		+ 0,07			
7°_max.			,		
7° max.					
Figure 10					

F	Tolerance fo	r product gra	des	
Feature	A	В	С	Notes
3.1.3.2.3 Depth of hexagon sockets and slots	The depth of hexagon sockets and slots is specified in product standards only as a minimum. It is restricted by the minimum wall thickness w.			For the time being generally applicable tolerances cannot be specified.
Figure 11				
3.1.3.2.4 Cross recesses	See ISO 4757 for all dir			
	etration depths. For per appropriate product sta	netration depti ndard.	ns see	
3.1.3.2.5 Hexalobular recesses	See ISO 10664 for all detration depths. For per appropriate product sta	netration deptl	cept pen- ns see	
3.1.4 Other features				
3.1.4.1 Head diameter  Figure 12	h13ª	<del></del>	_	<sup>a</sup> ± IT13 for knurled heads
, and the second				Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws in accordance with ISO 7721 or
Figure 13	h14		<u></u> .	ISO 10642.

	Toleran	ce for product o	grades	
Feature	A	В	С	Notes
3.1.4.2 Head height (except for hexagon heads)				· .
k k	≼ M5: h13	· <u> </u>	_	
	> M5: h14			
Figure 14				
	For countersunk I product standards			Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws in accordance with ISO 7721 or ISO 10642.
Figure 15		4 C for which a cons	a flata a Od mm	For product
3.1.4.3 Bearing face diameter and height of washer-faced portion	$d_{\text{w min}} = s_{\text{min}} - \text{IT}$ $d_{\text{w min}} = 0.95 \ s_{\text{min}}$			For product grade C a washer face is
X	$d_{\mathbf{w} \text{ max}} = s_{\text{actual}}$	not mandatory.		
	Thread diameter	min.	max.	
	≥ 1,6 to 2,5	0,10	0,25	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	> 2,5 to 4	0,15	0,40	
	> 4 to 6	0,15	0,50	
	> 6 to 14	0,15	0,60	
	> 14 to 36	0,20	0,80	
a	> 36	0,30	1,0	-
$f X$ a Reference datum for $d_{f W}$	:			
Figure 16				

Feature	Tolerar	ades	Notes		
reature	. <b>A</b>		В	c	Notes
X					
0,1	$d_{ m W}$ is defined in p minimum.	product :	standards o	nly as a	
X					
a Reference datum for $d_{\sf w}$					
Figure 17					
X	Thre			$d_{W}$	For product grade
	diam >	ietei	€	min.	A only
30		:	2,5	$d_{\rm k \; min}$ – 0,14	
a 0.1	2,5		5	$d_{\rm k  min}$ – 0,25	
0,1	5		10	$d_{\rm k \; min}$ – 0,4	
X	10		16	$d_{\rm k~min}$ – 0,5	
a Reference datum for $d_{\mathbf{w}}$	16		24	$d_{\rm k~min}$ – 0,8	
Figure 18	24		36	<i>d</i> <sub>k min</sub> − 1	
	36			$d_{\rm k \ min}$ – 1,2	
	$d_a$ for products with ISO 885.	vithout (	undercut is s	pecified	$d_{\rm a}$ for undercut products, see the appropriate product standard.
Figure 19					

Factoria	Tolerance	for product gra	ades	N1 - 4
Feature	A	В	c	Notes
3.1.4.4 Length				
		ı.		
<del>                                      </del>				
1				
+				
1				
			<i>l</i> ≤ 150: js17	
	js15	js17	l > 150: ± IT17	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			12 100. 1111	
1				
#				
1				
#				
		·		

	Tolerance fo	r product grad	des	
Feature	• 🗚	В	С	Notes
3.1.4.5 Thread length				P is the pitch of thread.
Bolt				$l_{\rm S}$ is the minimum length of the unthreaded (plain) shank.
l <sub>s</sub> b Tie rod	b +2P 0	b +2P 0	<i>b</i> + <sup>2</sup> <i>P</i> 0	$l_{\rm g}$ is the maximum length of the unthreaded shank (thread run-out included) and is therefore the minimum clamping length.
b b Stud	b +2P 0	b +2P 0	b +2P 0	Tolerance + 2 $P$ related to dimension $b$ applies only where $l_{\rm S}$ and $l_{\rm g}$ are not specified in the product standard.
b <sub>m</sub> b	$b^{+2P}_{0}$ $b_{m}$ js16	b+ <sup>2P</sup> 0 b <sub>m</sub> js17	$b^{+2P}_{0}$ $b_{m}$ js17	b <sub>m</sub> refers to metal end of studs only.
Figure 21				
3.1.4.6 Shank diameter				
	h13	h14	± IT 15	The tolerance is not applicable in the areas of the underhead fillet and thread run-out.
$\frac{d^2}{d^2}$	Reduced shank di	ameter ≈ pitch	diameter	
Figure 22			- Annuary con-	

#### 3.2 Geometrical tolerances

In accordance with ISO 1101 and ISO 2692 the tolerances specified in Figures 23 to 57 do not necessarily imply the use of any particular method of production, measurement or gauging.

When the pitch diameter axis is specified as the datum and the coaxiality deviation of the major diameter axis relative to the pitch diameter axis is negligible, e.g. normally with rolled threads, the major diameter axis may be taken as the datum.

According to ISO 1101 when the datum is the thread axis the letters MD indicate that the datum reference is the major diameter axis.

The maximum material principle in accordance with ISO 2692 is used.

_	Tole			
Feature	Α	В	С	- Notes
3.2.1 Driving feature				
3.2.1.1 Tolerances of form				
3.2.1.1.1 External				
6 × 120°				
3 × simultaneously.  Figure 23				
4 × 90°				
a 2 × simultaneously.				
Figure 24				

Feature	Toleranc	e t for produ	ıct grades	Tolerance t	
reature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.1.1.2 Internal		<u> </u>	-1	<u> </u>	
e • 0(M)					
6 × 120°					
a 3 × simultaneously.					
Figure 25					·
3.2.1.2 Tolerances of position	<del></del> -				
a The datum A shall be as close to the head as plain or wholly threaded but shall not include b MD means that tolerance applies in relation to	the thread ru	n-out or under	head fillet.		
c 3 × simultaneously.			· .		
Figure 26  A MDb  A MDb  6 x 120°  a, b, c See Figure 26.  Figure 27	2 IT13	2 IT14		S	

	Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
A MDb  6 x 120°	2 IT13		_	d	
a, b, c See Figure 26  Figure 28					
a, b, c See Figure 26.  Figure 29	2 IT13			d	
a, b, c See Figure 26.	2 IT13			d	
Figure 30	<u> </u>				

Frahus	Toleranc	e t for produ	uct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
b, c See Figure 26.	2 IT12			d	
Figure 31	2 IT12	2 IT13	2 IT14	d	
Figure 32  t M AM  A MDb  A MDb  a, b See Figure 26.  Figure 33	2 IT12	2 IT13	2 IT14	d	
a, b See Figure 26.  Figure 34	2 IT12	2 IT13	2 IT14	d	

	Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature 	Α	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
A MDb  d	2 IT12	<del>-</del>	_	d	
See Figure 26. Figure 35					
A MDb  A da	2 IT13	_	<del>-</del>	d	
a, b See Figure 26.			<u>!</u>	'	
For referee purposes coaxiality of cross rece with ISO 4757.	ess shall be as	sessed by me	ans of a pene	tration gauge po	int in accordance
Figure 36					
A MDb  A da	2 IT13	_	—	d	

a, b See Figure 26.

C See Figure 36.

Figure 37

	Toleranc	e t for produ	ıct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.2 Other features					
3.2.2.1 Tolerances of position and run-out				·	
A MDb	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	$d_{k}$	
<sup>a, b</sup> See Figure 26. <b>Figure 38</b>					
D A MDb	2 IT13	2 IT14		dc	
d <sub>a</sub>					
<sup>a, b</sup> See Figure 26.  Figure 39					
A PD°	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d	
PD means that the tolerance applies in relat	ion to the axis	derived from t	he pitch diame	eter.	
Figure 40					

	Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	N
Feature	Α 1	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
					d For set screws.
A PD <sup>c</sup>					e For all other products.
d o	IT13 d 2 IT13 e	<u>-</u>	_	d	
See Figure 40.					
Figure 41					
A PDC	IT40		,		
d	IT13	<del></del>	_	d	
See Figure 40.					
Figure 42					
A PD <sup>c</sup>	IT13	<del>-</del>	_	d	
C See Figure 40.		E: - -			
Figure 43					

		Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	Notes
	Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
	A PDC  d	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d	
See	e Figure 40. <b>Figure 44</b>					
, +	Ø f M AM  A PD°  d d d d d	IT13	IT14	IT15	d	
d The	e Figure 40. e gauge datum feature A shall be as close	e to the respe	ctive part of the	e shank as po	ossible but shall a	void the thread
run	-out. Figure 45					
		IT13	IT14		d	

The gauge datum features A and B shall be as close to the respective part of the shank as possible but shall avoid the

**d** d

See Figure 40.

thread run-out.

Figure 46

_		Tolerance	t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature		A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.2.2 Tolerances of straightness						
<u> </u>				05)		
MD <sup>b</sup> ≤	8	t = 0.002	21 + 0,05	0 +		
<u> </u>	8	t = 0,002	5/ + 0,05	002/		
		·		$d \le 8$ : $t = 2(0,002l + 0,05)$ d > 8: $t = 2(0,002 5l + 0,05)$		
<sup>b</sup> See Figure 26. <b>Figure 47</b>						
				0,05)		
	<b>8</b>	t = 0.002	21 + 0,05	12 <i>l</i> + (2		
>	8	<i>t</i> = 0,002	51 + 0,05	$d \le 8$ : $t = 2(0,002l + 0,05)$ d > 8: $t = 2(0,002 5l + 0,05)$		1
b See Figure 26.				b < b	:	·
Figure 48						
d d						
	<b>8</b> ≽	t = 0.00	21 + 0,05			
<u> </u>	- 8	<i>t</i> = 0,002	51 + 0,05			
				<del></del>		
<sup>b</sup> See Figure 26.						
Figure 49						

	Tolerance	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimension	Notes
b See Figure 26. Figure 50			$d \le 8$ : $t = 2(0,002t + 0,05)$ d > 8: $t = 2(0,002 5t + 0,05)$		
3.2.2.3 Tolerance of total run-out		<del></del>		1,6	For product
C	0,	04		2	grades A and B tolerance <i>ι</i> is
- ZA t A					calculated as
A MDb				2,5	follows:
	0,	08		3	$\leq$ M 39: $t = 1.2 d \cdot \tan 1^{\circ}$
			-	3,5	> M 39:
				4	$t = 1,2 d \cdot \tan 0,5^{\circ}$
d <sub>a</sub>				5	For product grade C
S	0,	15	0,3	6	tolerance t is
a, b See Figure 26.				7	twice as much.
C Up to 0,8s diameter only.	0,	17	0,34	8	
Figure 51	0,	21	0,42	10	,
c	0,	.25	0,50	12	
- ZI t A	0	29	0,58	14	
	0,	34	0,68	16	
A MD <sup>b</sup>	0	,38	0,76	18	
	0,	,42	0,84	20	
$+-+-$ ] $\sigma$ $++$	0	46	0,92	22	
	0	,50	1,00	24	
d <sup>a</sup>	0	,57	1,14	27	
a, b See Figure 26.		,63	1,26	30	
c Up to 0,8 $d_k$ diameter only.		,69	1,38	33	
		,76	1,52	36	
Figure 52		,82	1,64	39	
		,44	0,88	42	
		,47	0,94	45	
•		,50	1	48	
	0	,55	1,1	52	

·	Toleranc	e t for produ	uct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimension	Notes
C	0,04			1,6	
- PA t A	0,			2	
				2,5	
A MD <sup>b</sup>		08		3	
	0,	00		3,5	
			0,3	4	
d <sub>3</sub>				5	]
	0,	15		6	
a, b See Figure 26.				7	
<sup>c</sup> Up to 0,8 $d_k$ diameter only.	0,	17	0,34	8	
Figure 53	0,	21	0,42	10	See Figures 51
c	0,	25	0,50	12	and 52
AA LA	0,	29	0,58	14	
2 / 5	0,	34	0,68	16	In case of flange
A MD <sup>b</sup>	0,	38	0,76	18	bolts, tolerances apply to type F
	0,	42	0,84	20	and type U.
<b>→ → → → → → → → → →</b>	0,	46	0,92	22	
	0,	50	1,00	24	
	0,	57	1,14	27	
a, b See Figure 26.	0,	63	1,26	30	
c Line of highest points on any radial line.	0,	69	1,38	33	
Figure 54	0,	76	1,52	36	
_	0,	82	1,64	39	
	0,	44	0,88	42	
	0,	47	0,94	45	
	0,	50	1	48	
	0,	55	1,1	52	

_	Tolerance	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	Notes
Feature	Α .	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
A MD <sup>b</sup>	For t s	ee Figures 5	1 to 54	Basis for t see Figures 51 to 54	
a, b See Figure 26.  C See Figure 51.					
Figure 55					
A MDb AA t A					For dog points only, not for pilot points
a, b See Figure 26. C Up to $\varnothing$ 0,8 $d_p$ only					
Figure 56					

_	Toleranc	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
3.2.2.4 Permissible deviation from the form of bearing face					
X				***	
X Y		0,005 <i>d</i>		d	
radial lines between $d_{ m amax}$ and $d_{ m wmin}$ .  d According to product standard.					
Figure 57					

## 4 Tolerances for metric nuts

### 4.1 Dimensional tolerances

NOTE Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.

Feature	Tolera			
reature	Α	В	С	Notes
4.1.1 Tolerance level				
Bearing surface	close	close	wide	
Other features	close	wide	wide	
4.1.2 Internal thread	6H	6H	7H	
≥ 0,5 m <sub>max</sub> ≥ 0,5 m <sub>max</sub>	shall be within th	ights $m \geqslant 0.8d$ the e specified tolerar $n_{\text{max}}$ (only for size	nces for a	For certain products and coatings, other tolerance classes may be specified in the relevant product and coating standards.
a 0,35m <sub>max</sub>	For all nuts of he diameter shall be for a minimum of	ights $0.5d \le m < 0$ within the specifi $0.35 \ m_{\rm max}$	9,8 <i>d</i> the minor ed tolerances	
≥ 0,35 <i>d</i> ≥ 0,35 <i>d</i>	may exceed the s mum height of 0,	que type nuts the specified tolerance 35d from the non- ontain the prevaili	e for a maxi- restricted end	
Profile varies for different types of prevailing torque type nuts.  Figure 58				

	-						
	Feature	Α		nce for product ( B	С	Notes	
4.1.3 Driving for	eatures					<u></u>	
4.1.3.1 Width	across flats						
	S	s ≤ 30 > 30	Toler- ance h13 h14	s ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 60	Tolerance h14 h15		
	Figure 59			> 60 ≤ 180 > 180	h16 h17		
	s Figure 60	See figure 59		See figure 59			
	across corners	$e_{\min} = 1,13 s_{\min}$					
	Figure 62	$e_{\min} = 1,3 s_{\min}$					

	Tolera			
Feature	Α.	В	С	Notes
4.1.4 Other features 4.1.4.1 Height of nuts	d ≤ 12 r 12 mm < d ≤	mm: h14 ( 18 mm: h15 nm: h16	h17	For slotted nuts and castle nuts see 4.1.5.1
Figure 63				
Prevailing torque type nuts (with non-metallic insert)				
Prevailing torque type all metal hexagon nuts	Tolerance of <i>h</i> , s standards	ee product		
Figure 64	L			

Frakon	Tolera	Notes		
Feature	Α	В	С	Notes
4.1.4.2 Wrenching height		$m_{\rm W}$ defines the length over which $e_{\rm min}$ applies but excluding any chamfer or washer face specified in the appropriate product standard.		
Figure 65				The symbol $m_{\rm W}$ replaces the previously used $m'$ .
$m_{w}$	$x$ is the greater o $\delta$ is the flange ar	$a_{\min} - \left(x + \frac{d_{\text{w min}} - e}{2}\right)$ If $c_{\min} \times 1,25$ or $c_{\min}$ In a single $a_{\min} = a_{\min} + $	<sub>nin</sub> + 0,4	a The formulae for $m_{\rm W  min}$ only apply to the products illustrated.  b For gauging, see annex A
Figure 66	with ISO 225.	, m, a <sub>w</sub> , e and o a	e in accordance	of the product standards.

Feature	Tolera			
reature	A	В	С	Notes
4.1.4.3 Bearing face diameter and height of washer-faced portion	$d_{\text{W min}} = s_{\text{min}} - \text{IT1}$ $d_{\text{W min}} = 0.95 s_{\text{min}}$ $d_{\text{W max}} = s_{\text{actual}}$			
	Thread			
++ σ	diameter	min.	max.	
X 0,1	> 1,6 to 2,5 > 2,5 to 4 > 4 to 6 > 6 to 14 > 14 to 36 > 36	0,10 0,15 0,15 0,15 0,2 0,3	0,25 0,40 0,50 0,60 0,8 1,0	Requirements apply to both sides of symmetrical
a Reference datum for $d_{ m w}$				parts.
Figure 67				
0,1	$d_{ m W\ min}$ for hexago with product stand	n nuts with flange dards	in accordance	
X				
X Figure 68				

	Tolerance for product grades				
Feature	ŀ	A	В	С	Notes
a a			$\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ : d + 0.75 $a_{\text{max}} = 1.08d$		Requirements apply to both sides of symmetrical parts.
a a		ioi ali sizes	s: d <sub>a min</sub> = d		
$\alpha = 90^{\circ} \text{ to } 120^{\circ}$					
Figure 69					
4.1.5 Special products			:		ļ
4.1.5.1 Castle nuts, slotted nuts					
D c	$d_{\rm e}$	h14	h15	h16	
	m	h14	h15	h17	
m <sub>w</sub>	n	H14	H14	H15	
m	w	h14	h15	h17	
- W	$m_{W}$	see $m_{\rm W}$ -values f (see ISO 4032)	or hexagon nuts s	tyle 1	
Figure 70					·
Figure 70	_				

#### 4.2 Geometrical tolerances

In accordance with ISO 1101 and ISO 2692 the tolerances specified in Figures 71 to 83 do not necessarily imply the use of any particular method of production, measurement or gauging.

Where the nut thread is used as the datum the pitch diameter shall be the reference diameter.

The maximum material principle in accordance with ISO 2692 is used.

Factions	Tolerar	nce t for product	grades	Notes
Feature	. А	В	С	laorez
4.2.1 Driving features				
4.2.1.1 Tolerances of form				
6 x 120°				
a 3 × simultaneously.				
Figure 71				
<b>□</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
4 × 90°				
a 2 × simultaneously.				,
Figure 72				

	Tolerance	t for produc	t grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
4.2.1.2 Tolerances of position  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  B  A  A	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	S	
Figure 73  Figure 73  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  B  A  A	2 IT13	2 IT14	· —	S	
a 2 × simultaneously.  Figure 75	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	S	

<b>P</b>	Toleranc	e t for produ	ct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	Α .	В	С	based on dimensions	Notes
4.2.2 Other features		-			
4.2.2.1 Tolerances of position					
Ø f M AM	2 IT14	2 IT15		$d_{C}$	
Figure 76					
3x	2 IT13	2 IT14	2 IT15	d	
Figure 77	2 IT13	2 IT14		d <sub>k</sub>	
Figure 78					

	Tolerand	e t for prod	uct grades	Tolerance t	
Feature	A	В	С	based on dimension	Notes
				d	
4.2.2.2 Tolerance of total run-out	0	.04		1,6	For symmetrical
а				2	parts the
A PA t A			_	2,5	perpendicularity requirement
	0	,08		3	shall apply for
	Ū	,00		3,5	both faces.
P				4	·
	O	,15	0,3	5	
				6	
a Up to 0,8s diameter only.				7	
Figure 79	0	,17	0,34	8	
	0	,21	0,42	10	
A PA FA	0	,25	0,50	12	•
	0	,29	0,58	14	}
	0	,34	0,68	16	
	0,38		0,76	18	
<del></del>	0	,42	0,84	20	
	0,46		0,92	22	
a Up to $\emptyset$ 0,8s only.	0	,50	1	24	
Figure 80	0	,57	1,14	27	
a	0	,63	1,26	30	
A P t A	0	,69	1,38	33	
	C	,76	1,52	36	
b	C	,82	1,64	39	]
1 1	С	,44	0,88	42	].
	C	,47	0,94	45	
a Up to $\varnothing$ 0,8 $d_{\mathbf{k}}$ only.	C	,50	1	48	
Figure 81	C	,55	1,1	52	

Feature	Tolerar	nce t for product	grades	
reature	Α -	В	С	Notes
a Line of highest points on any radial line	For r see val	ues for Figures 7	9, 80 and 81.	
Line of highest points on any radial line.     Figure 82				
4.2.2.3 Permissible deviation from the shape of bearing face  X  According to product standard.  4.2.2.3 Permissible deviation from the shape of bearing face	0,0	05 <i>d</i>		
Figure 83				

# 5 Tolerances for tapping screws

## 5.1 Dimensional tolerances — Product grade A

Symbols and designations of dimensions are specified in ISO 225.

Feature	Tolerance	Notes
5.1.1 Thread	see ISO 1478	
5.1.2 Driving features		
5.1.2.1 External		
5.1.2.1.1 Width across flats		
5	h13	
Figure 84		
5.1.2.1.2 Width across corners		
e	e <sub>min</sub> = 1,12 s <sub>min</sub>	
Figure 85		
5.1.2.1.3 Height of head	For tolerances see ISO 1479	For tapping screws with hexagon flange head and hexagon washer head see ISO 7053 and ISO 10509 respectively.
Figure 86		

Feature	Toler	ance	Notes
5.1.2.1.4 Wrenching height			For tapping screws with hexagon flange head and hexagon washer head see ISO 7053 and ISO 10509 respectively.
K.,	k <sub>w min.</sub> =	0,7 <i>k</i> <sub>min</sub>	The symbol $k_{\mathbf{W}}$ replaces the previously used $k'$ .
Figure 87		. Marchan	
5.1.2.2 Internal			
5.1.2.2.1 Width of slots			
	n	Tolerance a	<sup>a</sup> Tolerance field
7° max.	≼ 1	+ 0,20 + 0,06	C13 for $n \le 1$
	> 1 ≤ 3	+ 0,31 + 0,06	
	> 3 ≤ 6	+ 0,37 + 0,07	
Figure 88			
5.1.2.2.2 Depth of slots			
	The depth of s specified in pr standards.	slots is oduct	
Figure 89			

Feature	Tolerance	Notes
5.1.2.2.3 Cross recesses	See ISO 4757 for all dimensions except penetration depths. For penetration depths see appropriate product standard.	
5.1.2.2.4 Hexalobular recess	See ISO 10664 for all dimensions except penetration depths. For penetration depths see appropriate product standard.	
5.1.3 Other features		:
5.1.3.1 Head diameters		
	h14	
		Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws as specified in ISO 7721.
Figure 90 5.1.3.2 Head height	· ·	
Figure 91	h14	
A A	For countersunk head screws <i>k</i> is defined in product standards only as a maximum.	Combined control of diameter and height for countersunk head screws as specified in ISO 7721.
Figure 92		

Feat	ure	Tolei	rance	Notes
5.1.3.3 Length		-		
			C and R  Tolerance  ± 0,8  ± 1,3	
Тур	e C	Ту;	<b>De F</b> Tolerance	
AMMA		≤ 19	0 - 0,8	
1		> 19 ≤ 38	0 - 1,3	
Type R	Type F	> 38	0 -1,5	
Figu	re 93			

### 5.2 Geometrical tolerances — Product grade A

In accordance with ISO 1101 and ISO 2692 the tolerances of form and position indicated in Figures 94 to 104 do not necessarily imply the use of any particular method of production, measurement or gauging.

Where a tapping screw thread is indicated either as the datum or as the toleranced feature the axis shall be determined from the major diameter of the thread.

The maximum material principle in accordance with ISO 2692 is used.

Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance t based on dimension	Notes
5.2.1 Driving features			
5.2.1.1 Tolerance of form			
\$ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€ 0€			·
6 × 120°			
a 3 × simultaneously.  Figure 94			
5.2.1.2 Tolerances of position  A MDb  A × 120°	2 IT13	S	d 1P max.
The datum A shall be as close to the head as possible run-out or underhead fillet.			
MD means that tolerance applies in relation to the axis ISO 1101.	of the cylinder derived	d from the major thread	diameter according to
° 3 × simultaneously.	1	i	l
Figure 95			

Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance t based on dimension	Notes
A MDb  A da	2 IT12	d	
a, b See Figure 95.			
Figure 96			
A MDb  A da	2 IT12	d	
a. b See Figure 95.			
Figure 97	2 IT12	d	
<sup>a, b</sup> See Figure 95.			
Figure 98			

Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance <i>t</i> based on dimension	Notes
A MDb  A do	2 IT13	d	
a, b See Figure 95.		1	
<ul> <li>For referee purposes assessment of co-axiality of cross accordance with ISO 4757.</li> </ul>	recess features shall	be by means of a pene	tration gauge point in
Figure 99			
A MD <sup>b</sup>	2 IT13	d	
<sup>a, b</sup> See Figure 95. <sup>c</sup> See Figure 99.			
Figure 100			
5.2.2 Other features 5.2.2.1 Tolerance of position			
a, b See Figure 95.	2 IT13	$d_{k}$	
Figure 101			

Feature	Tolerance t	Tolerance <i>t</i> based on dimension	Notes
5.2.2.2 Total run-out			Tolerance t calculated as follows:
A MDb		d	$t \approx 1,2 d \times \text{tan } 2^{\circ}$
d <sub>a</sub>			
a, b See Figure 95.			
C Up to 0,8s diameter only.			
Figure 102	ı		
	d t		
299   t   A	ST2,2 0,08 ST2,9 0,16		ŧ.
A MD <sup>b</sup>	ST3,5 0,16		
	ST4,2 0,16 ST4,8 0,3		·
ŏ	ST5,5 0,3	d	
da da	ST8 0,34		
0	ST9,5 0,42		
a, b See Figure 95.			
c up to 0,8 $d_{\rm k}$ diameter only.			
Figure 103			
5.2.2.3 Straightness			
	t = 0,003l + 0,05	_	for <i>l</i> ≤ 20 <i>d</i>
b See Figure 95.			
Figure 104			

# Annex A (informative)

### **Tolerances**

Numerical values of IT tolerance grades are given in Table A.1 and the limit deviations for shafts and for holes are given in Tables A.2 and A.3 respectively. These tolerances are taken from ISO 286-1 and ISO 286-2.

Table A.1 — Numerical values of standard tolerance grades IT for basic sizes up to 500 mm

Nominal o	dimension			Standard tole	rance grades		
>	≤	IT12	IT13	ıT14	IT15	IT16	IT17
				Tolera	nces	_	
	3	0,1	0,14	0,25	0,4	0,6	1
3	6	0,12	0,18	0,3	0,48	0,75	1,2
6	10	0,15	0,22	0,36	0,58	0,9	1,5
10	18	0,18	0,27	0,43	0,7	1,1	1,8
18	30	0,21	0,33	0,52	0,84	1,3	2,1
30	50	0,25	0,39	0,62	1	1,6	2,5
50	80	0,3	0,46	0,74	1,2	1,9	3
80	120	0,35	0,54	0,87	1,4	2,2	3,5
120	180	0,4	0,63	1	1,6	2,5	4
180	250	0,46	0,72	1,15	1,85	2,9	4,6
250	315	0,52	0,81	1,3	2,1	3,2	5,2
315	400	0,57	0,89	1,4	2,3	3,6	5,7
400	500	0,63	0,97	1,55	2,5	4	6,3

Table A.2 — Limit deviations for shafts

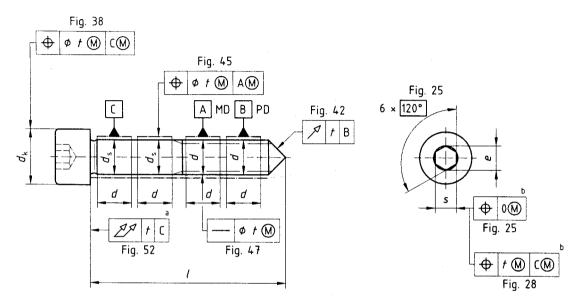
Nominal d	imension				1	_imit devia	itions			
>	€	h13	h14	h15	h16	h17	js14	js15	js16	js17
	3	0 - 0,14	0 - 0,25	0 - 0,4	0 - 0,6	0 -1	± 0,125	± 0,2	± 0,3	± 0,5
3	6	0 - 0,18	0 - 0,3	0 - 0,48	0 0,75	0 - 1,2	± 0,15	± 0,24	± 0,375	± 0,6
6	. 10	0 - 0,22	0 - 0,36	0 - 0,58	0 - 0,9	0 - 1,5	± 0,18	± 0,29	± 0,45	± 0,75
10	18	0 - 0,27	0 - 0,43	0 - 0,7	0 - 1,1	0 – 1,8	± 0,215	± 0,35	± 0,55	± 0,9
18	30	0 - 0,33	0 - 0,52	0 - 0,84	0 - 1,3	0 - 2,1	± 0,26	± 0,42	± 0,65	± 1,05
30	50	0 - 0,39	0 - 0,62	0 - 1	0 - 1,6	0 - 2,5	± 0,31	± 0,5	± 0,8	± 1,25
50	80	0 - 0,46	0 0,74	0 - 1,2	0 1,9	0 - 3,0	± 0,37	± 0,6	± 0,95	± 1,5
80	120	0 - 0,54	0 - 0,87	0 - 1,4	0 - 2,2	0 - 3,5	± 0,435	± 0,7	± 1,1	± 1,75
120	180	0 0,63	0 -1	0 - 1,6	0 - 2,5	0 -4	± 0,5	± 0,8	± 1,25	±2
180	250	0 - 0,72	0 - 1,15	0 - 1,85	0 - 2,9	0 - 4,6	± 0,575	± 0,925	± 1,45	± 2,3
250	315	0 - 0,81	0 - 1,3	0 -2,1	0 - 3,2	0 - 5,2	± 0,65	± 1,05	± 1,6	± 2,6
315	400	0 0,89	0 - 1,4	0 -2,3	0 - 3,6	0 - 5,7	± 0,7	± 1,15	± 1,8	± 2,85
400	500	0 - 0,97	0 - 1,55	0 - 2,5	0 - 4	0 - 6,3	± 0,775	± 1,25	± 2	± 3,15

Table A.3 — Limit deviations for holes

Nominal dimension		Limit deviations												
>	< <	C13	C14	D9	D10	D11	D12	EF8	11	E12	H14	H15	JS9	К9
	3	+ 0,2 + 0,06	+ 0,31	+ 0,045 + 0,02	+ 0,06 + 0,02	+ 0,08 + 0,02	+ 0,12 + 0,02	+ 0,024 + 0,01	+ 0,074 + 0,014	+ 0,114 + 0,014	+ 0,25 0	+ 0,4	± 0,012 5	0 0,025
3	6	+ 0,25 + 0,07	+ 0,37 + 0,07	+ 0,06 + 0,03	+ 0,078 + 0,03	+ 0,105 + 0,03	+ 0,15 + 0,03	+ 0,032 + 0,014	+ 0,095 + 0,02	+ 0,14 + 0,02	+ 0,3	+ 0,48 0	± 0,015	0 0,03
6	10					+ 0,13 + 0,04	+ 0,19 + 0,04	+ 0,04 + 0,018	+ 0,115 + 0,025	+ 0,175 + 0,025	+ 0,36 0	+ 0,58 0	± 0,018	0 - 0,036
10	18						+ 0,23 + 0,05		+ 0,142 + 0,032	+ 0,212 + 0,032	+ 0,43 0	+ 0,7 0		
18	30						+ 0,275 + 0,065				+ 0,52 0	+ 0,84 0		
30	50						+ 0,33 + 0,08	-			+ 0,62 0	+ 1 0		
50	80						+ 0,4 + 0,1				+ 0,74 0	+ 1,2 0		
80	120						+ 0,47 + 0,12				+ 0,87 0	+ 1,4 0		
120	180										+ 1	+ 1,6 0		
180	250										+ 1,15 0	+ 1,85 0		
250	315										+ 1,3 0	+ 2,1 0		
315	400										+ 1,4 0	+ 2,3 0		
400	500										+ 1,55 0	+ 2,5 0		

# Annex B (informative)

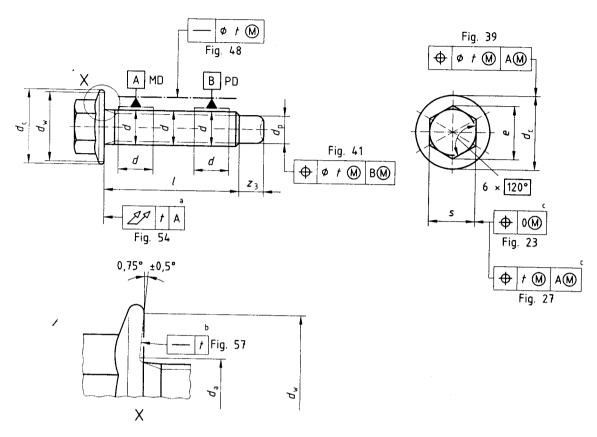
# Examples of dimensioned and toleranced fasteners



a Up to 0,8  $d_k$  diameter only.

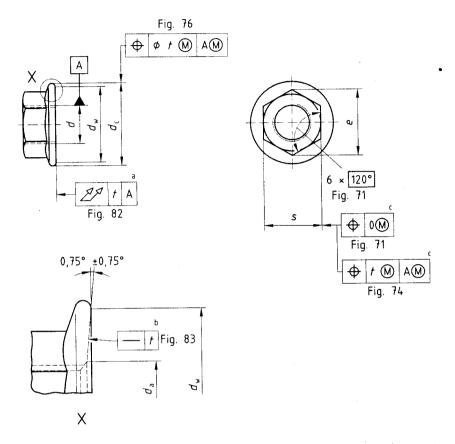
Figure B.1 — Hexagon socket head cap screw with shank and cone point

 $<sup>3 \</sup>times \text{simultaneously}$ .



- a Line of highest points on any radial line.
- b Radial lines between  $d_{\text{a max}}$  and  $d_{\text{w min}}$ .
- c 3 x simultaneously.

Figure B.2 — Hexagon head bolt with flange and pilot point



- a Line of highest points on any radial line.
- b Radial lines between  $d_{a \text{ max}}$  and  $d_{w \text{ min}}$ .
- $^{\circ}$  3 × simultaneously.

Figure B.3 — Hexagon nut with flange

# Annex C (informative)

## Examples of gauges and other measuring devices

### C.1 Application

This annex gives examples of gauges and other measuring devices which can verify whether the tolerances specified in this part of ISO 4759 are satisfied.

The thread of gauges and measuring devices shall be within the limits for GO gauges. Guides shall have such an accuracy that errors due to the guides during inspection are negligible compared to the workpiece tolerance t (e.g. less than 10 % of t).

If the datum is not associated with the maximum material requirements, indicated by (M), the following applies:

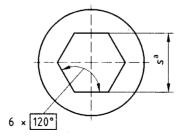
- when the datum is an external thread, the major diameter axis (MD) or the pitch diameter axis (PD) is the datum as specified in this part of ISO 4759. When the datum is the major diameter, the part may be fixed in a 3 jaw chuck;
- when the datum is an internal thread, in the examples of this annex the nut is tightened against a conical spring washer. Another possibility is to use a tapered threaded mandrel for this purpose;
- when the datum is a plain shaft or a tapping screw thread it may be fixed in a 3 jaw chuck regardless of the feature size:

#### C.2 Gauges and other measuring devices

NOTE All gauges given in this annex are GO gauges. Diameter  $d_g$ , if existant, should be chosen by the gauge manufacturer.

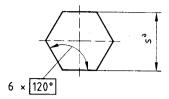
The gauges and measuring devices given in this annex are intended for the verification of geometrical tolerances specified in 3.2, 4.2 and 5.2.

Each gauge and measuring device is allocated to one or more figures in the main body of this part of ISO 4759 in order to make clear which tolerance is verified by which gauge or measuring device.



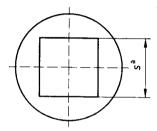
Maximum material size.

Figure C.1 — Gauge for verifying form tolerance specified in Figures 23, 71 and 94



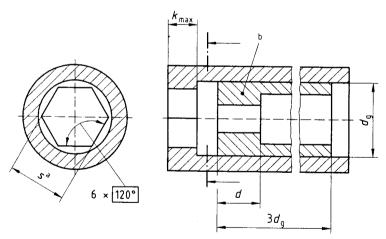
a Maximum material size.

Figure C.2 — Gauge for verifying form tolerance specified in figure 25



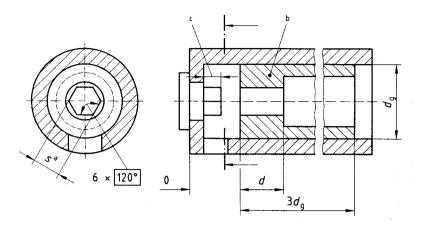
a Maximum material size.

Figure C.3 — Gauge for verifying form tolerance specified in Figures 24 and 72



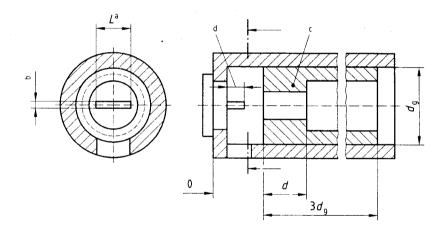
- a Maximum material size + t.
- The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.

Figure C.4 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 26, 27 and 95



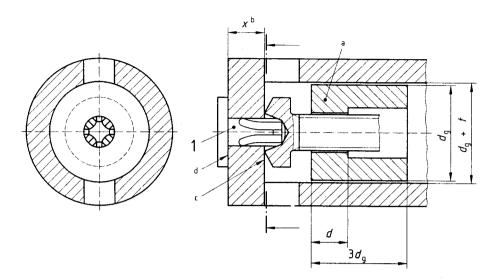
- a Maximum material size -t.
- b The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- <sup>c</sup> Minimum socket depth.

Figure C.5 — gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 28, 29, 30 and 31



- <sup>a</sup> L > s (see Figures 32 and 98);  $L > d_k$  (see Figures 33, 34, 96 and 97); L > d (see Figure 35).
- b Maximum material size t.
- The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- d Minimum slot depth.

Figure C.6 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 32, 33, 34, 35, 96, 97 and 98



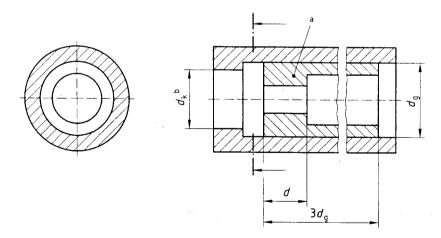
#### Key

1 Gauge pin in accordance with ISO 4757

NOTE This gauge does not check the size of the recess, e.g. an oversized cross recess is not recognized.

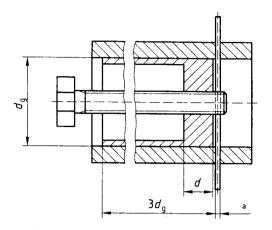
- <sup>a</sup> The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- b x is a function of length of gauge pin and the required penetration of the recess.
- c First contact.
- d Contact shall be achieved.

Figure C.7 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 36, 37, 99 and 100



- The GO gauge is a plain hole of maximum material size.
- b Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.8 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 38, 39 and 101



a Maximum material size – t

Figure C.9 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 40

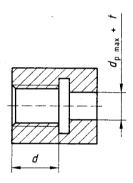
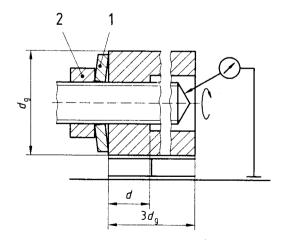


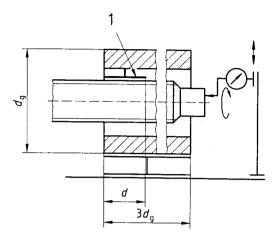
Figure C.10 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 41



#### Key

- 1 Gauge conical spring washer
- 2 Gauge counter nut

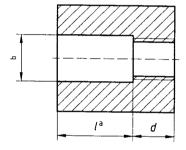
Figure C.11 — Measuring device for verifying run-out specified in Figures 42 and 43



#### Key

1 Three jaw chuck

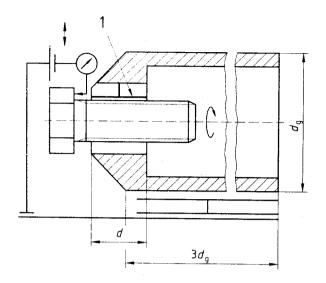
Figure C.12 — Measuring device for verifying total run-out specified in Figure 56



a / depends on the distance between the datum feature and the end of the toleranced feature.

Figure C.13 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 44, 45 and 46

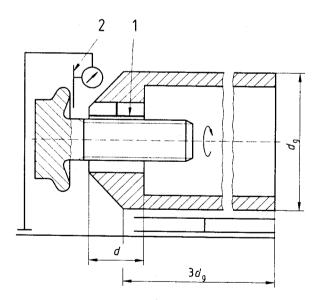
b Maximum material size + t.



#### Key

1 Three jaw chuck

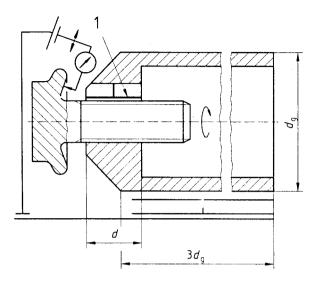
Figure C.14 — measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figures 51, 52, 53, 55, 102 and 103



#### Key

- 1 Three jaw chuck
- 2 Straight edge anvil

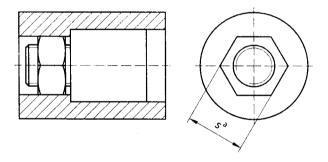
Figure C.15 — Measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figure 54



#### Key

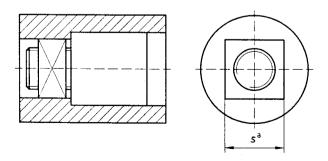
1 Three jaw chuck

Figure C.16 — Measuring device for verifying permissible deviation from the form of bearing face specified in Figure 57



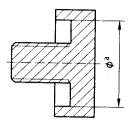
a Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.17 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 73 and 74



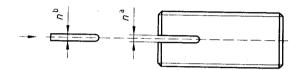
Max. mat. size + t.

Figure C.18 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 75



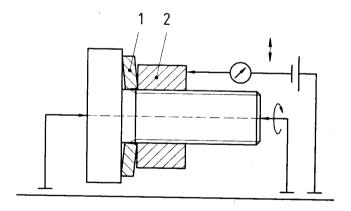
a Max. mat. size + t.

Figure C.19 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figures 76 and 78



- a Max. mat. size.
- b Max. mat. size t.

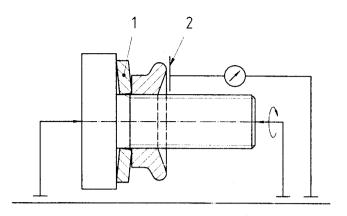
Figure C.20 — Gauge for verifying position tolerance specified in Figure 77



#### Key

- 1 Gauge conical spring washer
- 2 Fastener

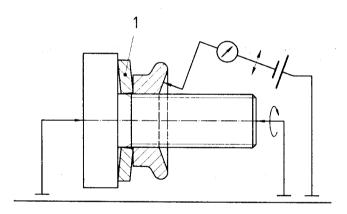
Figure C.21 — measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figures 79, 80 and 81



#### Key

- 1 Gauge conical spring washer
- 2 Straight edge anvil

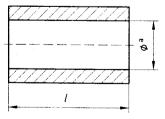
Figure C.22 — Measuring device for verifying perpendicularity (total run-out) specified in Figure 82



#### Key

1 Gauge conical spring washer

Figure C.23 — Measuring device for verifying permissible deviation from the form of bearing face specified in Figure 83



Maximum material size + t.

Figure C.24 — Gauge for verifying straightness specified in Figures 47, 48, 49, 50 and 104

#### (Continued from second cover)

International Standard	Corresponding Indian Standard	Degree of Equivalence
ISO 1478:1999	IS 5957:2002 Screw threads for thread forming tapping screw — Dimensions (second revision)	Identical
ISO 2692:1988	IS 8000(Part 2):1992 Technical drawings— Geometrical tolerances: Part 2 Maximum material principles (first revision)	do
ISO 4032:1999	IS 1364(Part 3):2002 Hexagon head bolts, screws and nuts of product grades A and B: Part 3 Hexagon nuts size range M1.6 to M64 (fourth revision)	do
ISO 4042:1999	IS 1367(Part 11):2002 Technical supply conditions for threaded steel fasteners: Part 11 Electroplated coatings (third revision)	do
ISO 4757:1983	IS 7478:1985 Dimensions for cross recesses(first revision)	Technically equivalent
	IS 7479:1985 Recesses penetration gauges(first revision)	do
ISO 7721:1983	IS 11362:1985 Head configuration and gauging of countersunk head screws	Identical
ISO 8015:1985	IS 12160:1987 Technical drawings — Fundamental tolerancing principles	do
ISO 10642:1997	IS 6761:1994 Countersunk head screws with hexagon socket (first revision)	Technically equivalent

The concerned Technical Committee has reviewed the provisions of the following ISO Standards referred in this adopted standard and has decided that they are acceptable for use in conjunction with this standard:

ISO Standard	Title
ISO 1479:1983	Hexagon head tapping screws
ISO 7053:1992	Hexagon washer head tapping screws
ISO 10509:1992	Hexagon flange head tapping screws
ISO 10664:1999	Hexalobular internal driving feature for bolts and screws

In reporting the result of a test or analysis made in accordance with this standard, if the final value, observed or calculated, is to be rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with IS 2:1960 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised)'.

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This Indian Standard has been developed from Doc: No. BP 33 (0261).

#### **Amendments Issued Since Publication**

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