Indian Standard

FORMS FOR RECORDING MEASUREMENT OF FLOW OF WATER IN OPEN CHANNELS

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INDIAN STANDARDS INSTITUTION MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

Indian Standard

FORMS FOR RECORDING MEASUREMENT OF FLOW OF WATER IN OPEN CHANNELS

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Indian Standard

FORMS FOR RECORDING MEASUREMENT OF FLOW OF WATER IN OPEN CHANNELS

0. FOREWORD

- 0.1 This Indian Standard was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 2 January 1960, after the draft finalized by the Fluid Flow Measurement Sectional Committee had been approved by the Building Division Council.
- 0.2 Measurement of flow of water in open channels involves accurate and precise recording of several types of observations. These observations may relate to the instruments used, the situations under which the observations are taken or the actual length, area, velocity and location of objects by angles and distances. The recording of the observations should be such as to facilitate calculation of the final value in a simple, direct and convenient manner. Observations once taken will also form part of permanent historical records of conditions of flow at that time. In view of these exacting requirements, the standard forms for recording measurement of flow should be convenient and simple for use by the field personnel and elaborate and clear enough for later calculation and transfer into the year books.
- 0.3 The Sectional Committee responsible for the preparation of this standard has taken into consideration the views of research laboratories, irrigation departments and other technologists and has related the standard to the practices followed in the country in this field. Furthermore, due weightage has also been given to the need for international co-ordination among standards prevailing in different countries of the world in this

- field. These considerations led the Sectional Committee to base this standard largely on Standards for Methods and Records of Hydrologic Measurements: Flood Control Series No. 6 (ST/ECAFE/SER, F/6) issued by the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East.
- **0.4** This standard is one of a series of Indian Standards on measurement of flow of water through open channels. Other standards in the series are:
 - IS: 1191-1959 Glossary of Terms Used in Measurement of Flow of Water in Open Channels
 - IS: 1192-1959 Velocity-Area Methods for Measurement of Flow of Water in Open Channels
 - IS: 1193-1959 Methods for Measurement of Flow of Water in Open Channels Using Notches, Weirs and Flumes
- 0.5 In view of the Government of India's decision to introduce in the country a uniform system of weights and measures based on the metric system, all recordings are indicated in metric units.
- 0.6 In recording measurements or reporting results in accordance with this standard, if the final value, observed or calculated, is to be rouded off, it shall be done in accordance with *IS: 2-1949 Rules for Rounding Off Numerical Values.

1. SCOPE

- 1.1 This standard lays down the forms for recording measurement of flow of water in open channels. The forms covered are:
 - Form 1 Record of Gauges,
 - Form 2 Record of Water Level,
 - Form 3 Weekly Sheet Showing Hourly Record of Water Level During Flood Period,
 - Form 4 Record of Cross-Section,

- Form 5 Computation of Discharge from Float Measurement,
- Form 6 Computation of Discharge from Current Meter Measurements,
- Form 7 Computation of Discharge by Slope Area Method, and
- Form 8 Composite Form for Record of Daily Discharge Data.

^{*}Since revised.

2. STANDARD FORMS

FORM 1 RECORD OF GAUGES

ongitue	le.						
Dongitut	10	***************	***************	amude			**********************
				Bench Mark	9		
No. of Bench Mark	DATE OF INSTALLATION OR RE-SURVEY	Elevatio n	DATUM OF ELEVATION	No. of Reference Point	DATE CF INSTALLATION OR RE-SURVEY OF REFERENCE POINT	Location of Reference Point	DISTANCE OF REFERENCE POINT TO BENCH MARK
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	1			Gauges			
			ZERO OF GAUG	E			
No. or Gauge	DATE OF INSTALLATION OR RE-INSTALLATION Elevation Elevation		Date of Survey or Re-survey	No. of Reference Bench Mark	No. of Reference Point	DATE OF ABANDONMENT	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

FORM 2 RECORD OF WATER LEVEL

Station	River System	Name of Stream
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	onth on	
Minimum Water Level in the M	Ionth on	Duration hr

					GAUGE F	READING						
DATE	GAUGE	ZERO OF	070	0 hr	1300 hr		1900 hr		MEAN	MEAN	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM
Dare	No.	GAUGE	Gauge Rea ding	Water Temp* °C	Gauge Reading	Water Temp* °C	Gauge Reading	Water Temp*	GAUGE READING	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1 2 3 29 30 31										·		

^{*}The water temperature is taken 30 cm (or 1.0 ft) below the surface. Where the depth is less, temperature is taken at the bed level.

IS: 1194 - 1960

FORM 3 WEEKLY SHEET SHOWING HOURLY RECORD OF WATER LEVEL DURING FLOOD FERIOD

Station	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••	Rive r S	ystem	•••••		.Name of S	Stream		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••
Record from	n	••••••			tı	o		************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		*******
1) DATE			i .		1						
		0700 hr (a)									
2) WATER TURE		1300 hr (b)									
		1960 hr (c)									
3) GAUGE !	No.										
4) ZERO OF	GAUGE										
5) Time of Tion	I	0100 hr 0200 hr 0300 hr									The second secon
		2200 hr 2300 hr 2400 hr									·.
6) MEAN O	F GAUGE RE	ADING	ļ						_		·
7) MEAN W	VATER LEVE	L			_						
8) MAXIMU	M WATER L	EVEL*									
9) Minimu	m Water L	EVEL*				<u> </u>	•	1	<u> </u>		
*If tl		f occurrence water level ng.	or minimu	m water le	evel should	_	ween hourly	readings, i			
Station			River	System	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 	Name	of Stream	• • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••••
Gauge No			Zero d	of Gauge			Method	d of Measu	rement		
Started	hr	19	G	auge Read	ling	Water]	Level	Water	Temperat	ure (°C).	
Completed	hr	19	G	auge Read	ding	Water I	Level	Water	Temperat	ure (°C).	
		Cross-Secti	on No.					Cross-Sect	ion No.		
Measuring Point	Angle or Distance	Reduced Distance	Depth	Average Depth	Area of Section	Measuring Point	Angle or Distance	Reduced Dist an ce	Depth	Average Depth	Area of Section
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

Total

FORM 5 COMPUTATION OF DISCHARGE FROM FLOAT MEASUREMENT

Station River System Name of Stream Date of Measurement Time Length of Base Line Distance of Theodolite Along Base Line from (a) Upper Cross-Section (b) Lower Cross-Section Kind of Float Gauge No Gauge Reading Started Completed Mean Mean Water Leve Water Temperature Started Completed Mean Water Temperature Wind Direction E, W, N or S Wind Velocity	
Mark wind direction and velocity as shown in the diagram	.

		Recor	d of Measureme	nt				Computat	ion of Veloci	ty				C	omputation of Discharge				
FLOAT No.	Colour of Flag	READING OF ANGLE		TIME		DISTANCE FROM LEFT OR RIGHT RIVER BANK		DISTANCE BETWEEN THE CHOSEN SECTIONS DURATION OF TRAVEL		VELOCITY			Area			Mean	MEAN VELOCITY OF SEGMENT	DISCHARGE OF SEGMENT	
		Upper Section	Lower Section	Upper Section	Lower Section	Upper Section	Lower Section			Surface	Coefficient	Mean	Segment No.	Upper Section	Lower Section				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
													ľ						
ļ													<u> </u>		·			ĺ	

FORM 6 COMPUTATION OF DISCHARGE FROM CURRENT METER MEASUREMENTS

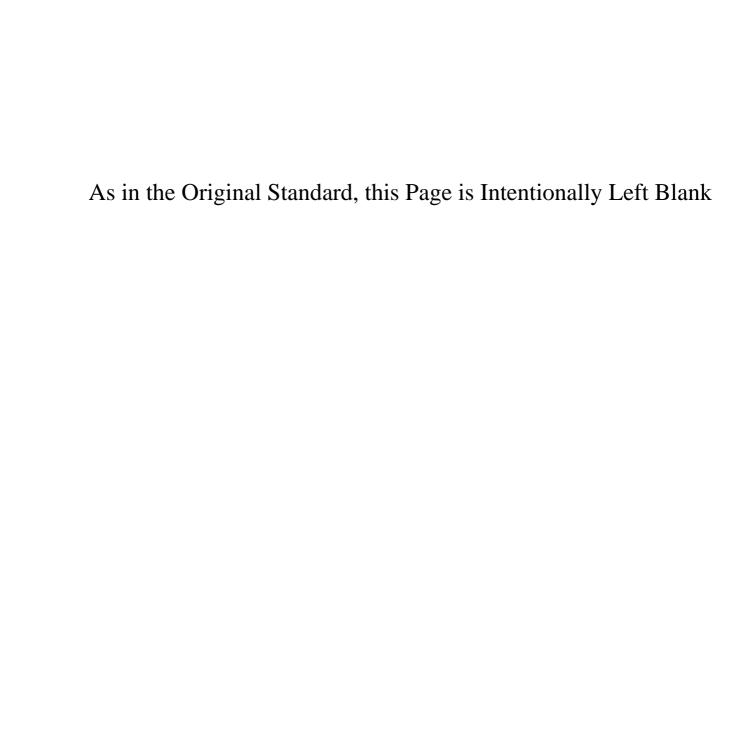
Station River System Name of Stream Date of Measurement. Time from to Method of Measurement: Wading/Cable/Boat/Bridge
Type and No. of Current Meter Equation Date of Last Rating
Spin Before Measurement Occurrent Meter Squage No. Gauge Zero Mode of Suspension
Gauge Reading Started Completed Mean Mean Mean Water Level Water Temperature Started Completed Mean Water Temperature

Condition of Water Fairly Clear
Ordinarily Silty Intensely Silty Wind Strength
Strong
Very Strong Wind Direction Wind Velocity.

Record of Measurement

Computation of Discharge

						Record	i of Measurer	ment									Computat	ion of Dischs	rge			
Time	GAUGE READING	Water Level	No. of Vertical	READING OF ANGLE OR DISTANCE	REDUCED DISTANCE FROM BANK	Depth	DEPTH OF MEASURING POINT	Time Interval in Seconds	REVOLU-	Revolu- tions per Second	VELOCITY	DRIFT (METRES)	Angle of Current With Section		CORRECTION FOR ANGLE OF CURRENT	CORRECTED	FINAL CORRECTED MEAN VELOCITY OF A VERTICAL	FINAL *CORRECTED MEAN VELOCITY OF TWO ADJACENT VERTICALS	SURFACE WIDTH OF SEGMENT	Mean Depth	ABEA	Discharg
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)



FORM 7 COMPUTATION OF DISCHARGE BY SLOPE AREA METHOD

River System	Name of Stream
Location of Observation Site	Time and Date of Measurement

WATER LEVEL OR	WATER LEVEL OR	DIFFER- ENCE IN	LENGTH OF	WATER SURFACE	- U	PPER SECT	10 N	Lo	WER SECT	ION	Average	Average	AVERAGE	Coeffi-	VELOCITY	Dis- Charge	REMARK
HIGH WATER MARK IN THE UPPER SECTION	HIGH WATER MARK IN THE LOWER SECTION	LEVELS BETWEEN THE TWO SECTIONS	REACH	SLOPE (S)	Area (A)	Wetted Peri- meter (P)	Hydrau- lic Mean Depth (A/P)	Arca (A)	Wetted Peri- meter (P)	Hydrau- lic Mean Depth (A/P)	AREA	WETTED PERI- METER	HYDRAU- LIC MEAN DEPTH	CIENT OF RUGOSITY			
<u>(i)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	((Ե)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
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	,																
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Notes — (1) Velocity should be computed by Manning's formula: $V = \frac{R^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}}{n}$ in m/s.

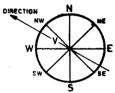
- (2) 'n' should be based on the actual value previously determined.
- (3) Area of cross-section should be computed using Form No. 4 preferably from flood time observations. If this is not possible, sections should be observed at the earliest opportunity after the floods.

Name of Observer	Designation
Signature	Date

FORM 8 COMPOSITE FORM FOR RECORD OF DAILY DISCHARGE DATA

Station	River System	Name	of Streamto
~ 37		auze zero	Mean,
Moon Woton Level	Comin	ion width of Segments	
Water Temperature Started	Completed	Mea	an Water Temperature
Type and No. of Current Meter		Kind of Float	tat Run.
Mode of Suspension		Length of Tioa	at Kun,
Date of Last Rating			

Mark wind direction and velocity as shown in the diagram



VELOCITY OF

,			في - لأون -							(.	1	1	1	1		
∞ (RD (REDUCED DISTANCE) ON SECTION	DEPTH OF WATER	Оветевкисе от Веети ДD	WETER PRIMETER OF SECRETS = $\frac{4}{\sqrt{(\text{Width of Segment})^2 + \Delta D^2}}$	G TIME (SECONDS)	(g) METER (REVOLU-	VELOCITY (2)	B DRIFT (METRES)	G VELOCITY CORRECTED FOR DRIFT	ANGLE OF CURRENT WITH SECTION	CORRECTION FOR	FINAL CORRECTED VELOCITY	FINAL CORRECTED MEAN VELOCITY OF A VERTICAL	WATER DEPTH X GOL 2 X COL 13)	DISCHARGE CORREC- TION + OR - FOR UNEQUAL SEGMENTS	(91) Remarks
,,]		·			 							
	Ì		``							<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	1			1
Tot	al		Total										Total			
	1.1.1.1		wetted perimeter									Mu	ltiply by com-			
c w	ommon ommon vidth of egments		= P									n	altiply by com- non width of egments			
Pro	oduct.											Pro	oduct			
a t	duct (cor- ection of area due to unequal segments)	ì										De	educt total of col 15			
-	= Area					1. 44 (1						Q	= Discharge	\		(Continued)

FORM 8 COMPOSITE FORM FOR RECORD OF DAILY DISCHARGE DATA - Contd

Surface Slope Observed

Calculation of Rugosity Coefficients

HIGH WATER MARK IN THE UPPER SECTION	HIGH WATER MARK IN THE LOWER SECTION	DIFFERENCE OF LEVELS BETWEEN THE TWO SECTIONS	LENGTH OF REACH	WATER SURFACE SLOPE = S.	1) $V = Mean\ Velocity = \frac{Q}{A}$ 2) $R = Hydraulic\ Mean\ Depth = \frac{A}{P}$
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	$3) c = \frac{V}{\sqrt{RS}}$
					4) $N = \frac{R^{\frac{1}{6}}}{c}$ where 'c' shall be obtained from equation (3) above and not assumed.

- *Notes (1) Mean velocity will generally be velocity at 0.6 depth. If only mean velocity measurement is taken at each vertical, than col 7 will indicate 'mean velocity' and entries in col 12 and 13 will be identical. Where mean velocity is deduced from surface velocity, the coefficient employed should be noted in remarks column. Unless specially warranted, coefficient should be taken as 0.89.
 - (2) If no drift occurs, it has to be shown as 'NIL' in col 8; the column should never be left blank.
 - (3) When the number of meter observations taken is the same section is more than one, each observation of both time and revolutions shall be recorded in a separate line in col 5 and 6. When floats are used, time and surface velocity may be noted in col 5 and 7 respectively.
 - (4) In col 1 and 2, all the lines relating to one Station will be bracketed and RD on Section and water depth will be recorded once.

^{*}These 'Notes' are applicable to the portion of Form 8 on P 8 only.