6 FEM Modeling: Introduction

IFEM Ch 6 – Slide 1

FEM Terminology

degrees of freedom (abbrv: DOF)

state (primary) variables: displacements in mechanics

conjugate variables: forces in mechanics

stiffness matrix

master stiffness equations

 $\mathbf{K} \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{f}$ $\mathbf{K} \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{f}_M + \mathbf{f}_I$

Physical Significance of Vectors u and f in Miscellaneous FEM Applications

Application Problem	State (DOF) vector u represents	Forcing vector f represents
Structures and solid mechanics	Displacement	Mechanical force
Heat conduction	Temperature	Heat flux
Acoustic fluid	Displacement potential	Particle velocity
Potential flows	Pressure	Particle velocity
General flows	Velocity	Fluxes
Electrostatics	Electric potential	Charge density
Magnetostatics	Magnetic potential	Magnetic intensity





Mathematical Model Definition

Traditional definition

Scaled fabricated version of a physical system (think of a car or train model)

Simulation oriented definition

A model is a symbolic device built to simulate and predict aspects of behavior of a system

Recall the "Breakdown" DSM Steps

Breakdown

Disconnection Localization Member (Element) Formation -> generic elements

Let Stop Here and Study Generic Elements next

... Because Most of the Remaining DSM Steps

Globalization Merge Application of BCs Solution Recovery of Node Forces

are **Element Independent**

Attributes of Mechanical Finite Elements

Dimensionality

Nodes serve two purposes: geometric definition home for DOFs (connectors)

Degrees of freedom (DOFs) or "freedoms" Conjugate node forces

Material properties Fabrication properties

Classification of Mechanical Finite Elements

Primitive Structural

Continuum

Special

Macroelements

Substructures

Superelements

Introduction to FEM

Primitive Structural Elements (often built from MoM models)

Introduction to FEM

Continuum Elements

Boundary Conditions (BCs)

The most difficult topic for FEM program users ("the devil hides in the boundary")

Essential

Two types

Natural

Boundary Conditions Essential vs. Natural

Recipe:

- 1. If a BC involves one or more DOF in a direct way, it is <u>essential</u> and goes to the Left Hand Side (LHS) of Ku = f
- 2. Otherwise it is *natural* and goes to the Right Hand Side (RHS) of Ku = f

Introduction to FEM

Examples of Structural Models: F16 Internal Structure (Aero)

